# Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) Village Center Overlay District (VCOD)



## What is the village center zoning proposal and what size buildings would be allowed?

The Village Center Overlay District (VCOD) is a proposed set of zoning regulations for the commercial centers and immediately surrounding residential areas of 12 of Newton's village centers. The VCOD zoning is consistent with city-wide goals to increase housing options, support local businesses, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and create more market rate, affordable and accessible housing. Allowed building heights range from 4.5 stories on main commercial streets and 2.5 stories in adjacent neighborhoods. There are some height exceptions, in limited areas, but only when higher percentages of affordable housing are provided.

The exact dimensions of what size buildings would be allowed in particular zones and what they might look like can be found <a href="https://example.com/here">here</a>.

#### Which village center areas are included?

The focus of the proposed zoning has been centered around 12 of our village centers with established commercial/retail districts that could both appropriately accommodate and benefit from future incremental housing development (Auburndale, Four Corners, Lower Falls, Newtonville, Newton Centre, Newton Corner, Newton Highlands, Nonantum, Thompsonville, Upper Falls, Waban and West Newton). The zoning proposed for each village center was carefully developed to take into account the unique geography and scale of each commercial district.

In total, the area being considered for new zoning is 3% of Newton's total land area. The proposed boundaries can be found here.

### How was this proposal developed and agreed upon for consideration?

Newton Planning Department staff, with the help of experts in urban design and the economics of development, have engaged for two plus years with residents, businesses and City Councilors, especially Zoning and Planning Committee (ZAP) members, on ways to improve zoning for our village centers.

The community vision gathered from thousands of Newton community residents who participated through vision kits, info sessions, focus groups, on-the-spot surveying, online interactive forums, a library exhibition, and more led to the shared goals for the rezoning to foster community, allow more housing, address climate change and pump new vitality into the heart of Newton's villages.

From this, ZAP held straw votes in summer 2021 on a technical zoning framework that achieves these goals. This framework is the foundation of the zoning proposal before us now. More information about the engagement process can be found <u>here</u>.

## How will these changes promote greater accessibility to all residents?

New village center development is oriented to support and improve community quality of life through wider sidewalks, seating, landscaping, good lighting, bike parking, and more. This will lead to less cars on the road and more available parking for those who may need to drive (e.g. families with children, the elderly, people with disabilities). In addition, new developments will be accessible, complying with all Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Massachusetts Architectural Access Board (MAAB) requirements.

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## What does the zoning do for entrepreneurs looking to start or grow small businesses?

Locating housing near businesses and close to transit makes perfect sense (and cents) for both the residents and village center businesses in terms of their health. Existing and new businesses will greatly benefit from a built in larger customer base. Businesses face numerous challenges, like competition from online retail, but zoning should not be one of them. This proposal makes it easier to open a new business or expand a successful one by simplifying the rules and removing unnecessary ones.

#### Will open space be provided?

Village centers typically have buildings built up to the sidewalk and covering most of the lot. The proposed zoning requires a minimum sidewalk width of 12 feet to be provided, which would include street trees and other plantings and areas for seating. Larger projects require a minimum of 5% public open space (similar to the plazas provided at Austin Street and Trio). Focusing new housing in compact development in village centers reduces the need to build on previously undeveloped land further away and reduces the clear cutting of trees.

## Will this proposal help us meet our climate and sustainability goals?

New construction and rehabilitation of buildings within village centers will lead to cleaner and more efficient energy use and a higher quality of life for residents and visitors. Beyond individual buildings, vibrant, walkable village centers will offer local goods and services that can meet community needs without people always needing a vehicle. Overall, VCOD zoning will help reduce Newton's

carbon footprint from the two largest sources, buildings and transportation.

Statistics show that people who live in multi-family housing in areas similar to village centers drive less and consume fewer resources, such as water and electricity per household than single family homes. Newton will be adopting an electrification ordinance, which will require new buildings to be fossil fuel free.

# How does the proposal encourage the preservation of existing homes near village centers?

The zoning creates special rules, known as adaptive reuse, that provides more rights to existing homes that renovate and expand. A project that maintains the existing home can build bigger and have more units than if they tear down the home. This is intentionally designed as an incentive for developers and will lead to smaller units that are more affordable than the larger "luxury" units typically seen now.

#### Will the current affordable housing requirements apply?

Yes, any housing development of more than 6 units in the proposal would be required to provide from 15% to 20% of the units be made permanently affordable. The proposed village center zoning also would provide a building height bonus for projects providing 25%-30% of the units as affordable. More information on housing affordability can be found here.

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## How does the proposed Village Center Overlay Zoning align with the MBTA Communities Law?

As one of the communities served by the MBTA and classified as such by the Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development, the City of Newton must have multifamily housing zoning "capacity" (see below) to allow 8,330 units by December 31, 2023. The proposed Village Center Overlay District (VCOD) zoning would bring Newton into compliance with this law. More information can be found here.

# If this zoning is adopted, how many housing units would likely get built and when?

Newton currently has approximately 10,000 units of multi-family housing and another 2,500 units permitted, but not yet built (over half of which are currently on hold due to the economic cycle we're in). Altogether, we have approximately 33,000 units of housing, most of which are one-family homes.

The VCOD will bring Newton into compliance and enables the MBTA's requirement of 8,330 units to be built.

At first blush, that number sounds like a lot. However, it is really important to understand that what could conceivably get built is extremely unlikely to all get built. The MBTA formula of 8,330, for example, assumes every single parcel is a clean slate with no building on it and is redeveloped with the maximum possible number of housing units and zero parking spaces.

In the past 20 years, with an extremely favorable economic climate and incredible housing demand, just over 1,300 units of multi-family housing have been built in Newton

Zoning provides the framework of what would be allowed to be developed on a given property. The actual decision to redevelop a property and the timing associated with it have always and will continue to be incremental and based on individual property owners.

#### How would the zoning affect the Newton Public Schools and other City services?

Right now, enrollment trends and forecasts for Newton Public Schools show enrollment declining and continuing to decline into the foreseeable future. Multi-family housing of the sort envisioned under this proposal, smaller and in commercial centers, generally do not generate a large number of students. Also, this type of housing takes years to move from a concept to completion, which allows the City to coordinate closely and plan accordingly for any new students.

Other City services, like sewer and water, are adequate and consistently being assessed for capacity. In addition, Newton is currently well into both a water and sewer line upgrade and replacement program throughout the City.