



Nonantum TCE Investigation

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection April 12, 2017



This presentation will cover:



- MassDEP's main concern:
 - Trichloroethylene (TCE) in indoor air via Vapor Intrusion
- Brief re-cap of site history and MassDEP testing prior to last meeting in October 2016.
- Groundwater testing by MassDEP since Oct 2016
- Indoor air testing by MassDEP since Oct 2016
- Next Steps





Vapor Intrusion

- Vapor Intrusion is gas entering a building from the subsurface (e.g., radon)
- Vapors can contain TCE from contamination in soil and/or shallow groundwater
- Factors that affect Vapor Intrusion:
 - Contaminant concentration in soil and/or groundwater
 - Depth to groundwater
 - Integrity of basement floor



Trichloroethylene (TCE) o



- CI H
- Once a commonly used industrial solvent
- MassDEP has increased its attention on TCE sites due to lower limits for health protection
- Effects of TCE exposure include effects on developing fetus, immune system effects, and increased risk of cancers to kidneys, liver and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.





If TCE is Present in Indoor Air

- Follow-up actions may include one or all of:
 - Testing over 24-hour period (or 8-hr in workplace)
 - Air Purifying Unit(s)
 - Sub-Slab DepressurizationSystem (e.g., Radon Abatement System)





Typical Radon Abatement System







MassDEP's Investigation

- Site on West St. with TCE contaminated groundwater identified via MassDEP audit
- Groundwater sampling was initiated to find levels of TCE that could result in vapor intrusion
- Indoor air of potentially impacted homes was tested



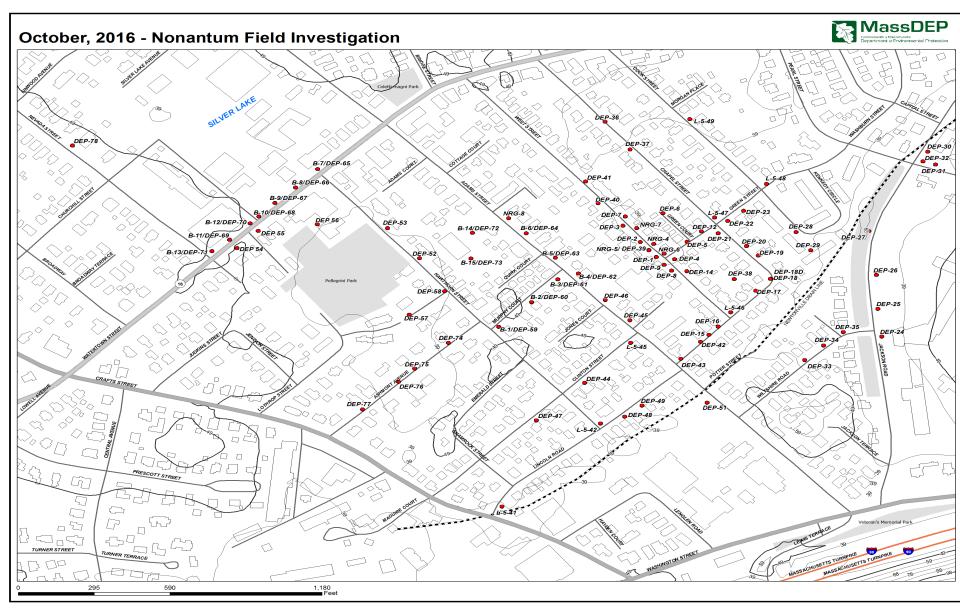


Summary of Field Investigation up to October 2016

- Installation of 64 hand-driven wellpoints and 15 drilled wells to sample groundwater
- Sampling of indoor air of 134 buildings
- Based on indoor air testing, mitigation system were installed in 6 homes.
- The area of groundwater contamination extended from Watertown Street to Middle Street









Follow-up Actions



- Based on the groundwater testing results and historical records, MassDEP issued Notices to 3 potentially responsible parties (aka "PRPs").
- The PRPs replied that they intended to take immediate actions, initially focusing on the Nevada St. property.
- The actions taken at 320 Nevada Street will be discussed by the Licensed Site Professional for the PRPs



Next Steps as of October 2016



- Installation of additional groundwater monitoring wells to address gaps in studies to date
- Continue to identify potentially affected properties within plume to test indoor air for TCE
- Oversee work conducted by Licensed Site Professional at 320 Nevada Street
- Install vapor mitigation systems in 3 addt'l homes



Additional Monitoring Wells



- Twelve addt'l wells were installed on Judkins,
 Jenison, Lothrop, Emerald and Clinton Streets.
- Levels of TCE ranged from "not detected" to 110 μg/L, or parts per billion.
- To date MassDEP has installed 76 hand-driven wellpoints in the area, and 15 drilled wells, mainly focusing on shallow groundwater concentrations.







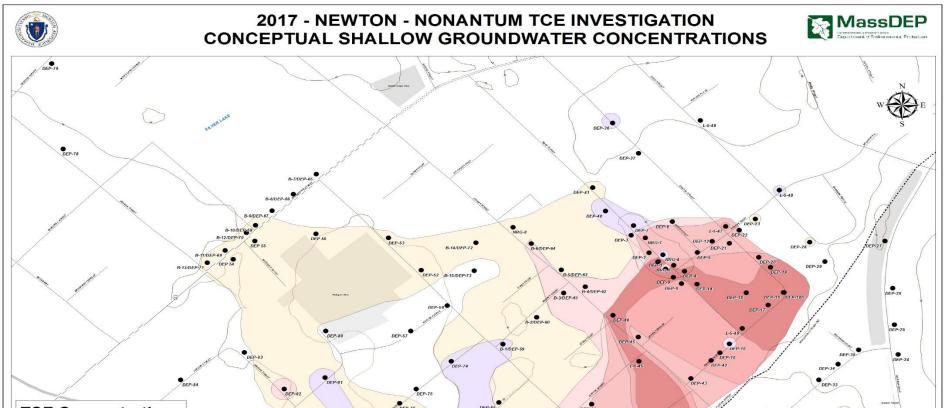
2017 - NEWTON - NONANTUM TCE INVESTIGATION MassDEP Monitoring Well Locations

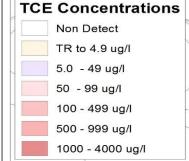














Additional Indoor Air Testing



- Indoor samples have been collected at 25 additional buildings and the Carr School since October 2016.
- TCE was not detected at the Carr School
- No additional homes identified that need vapor intrusion mitigation.
- Indoor air contamination at nearby condos determined to be from polyurethane spray foam insulation.
- To date, 160 addresses have been tested by MassDEP

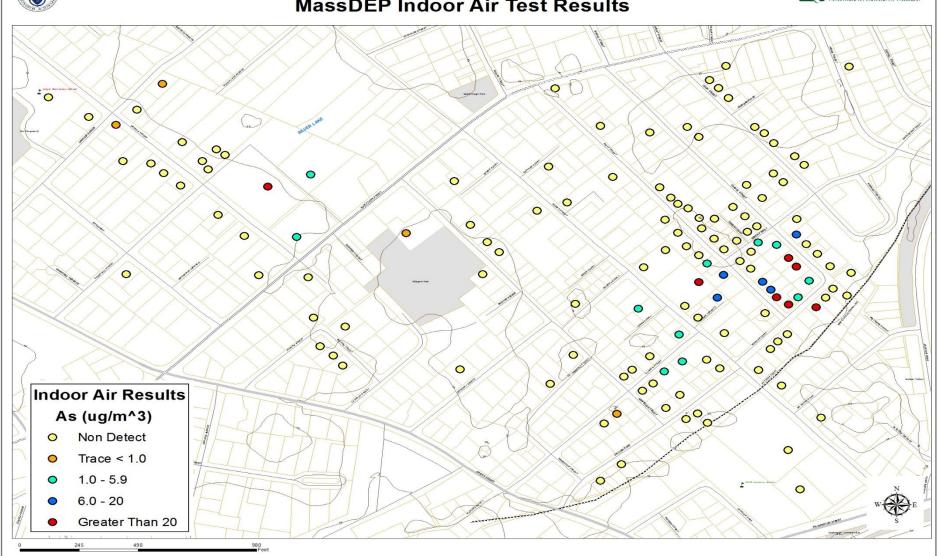






2017 - NEWTON - NONANTUM TCE INVESTIGATION MassDEP Indoor Air Test Results





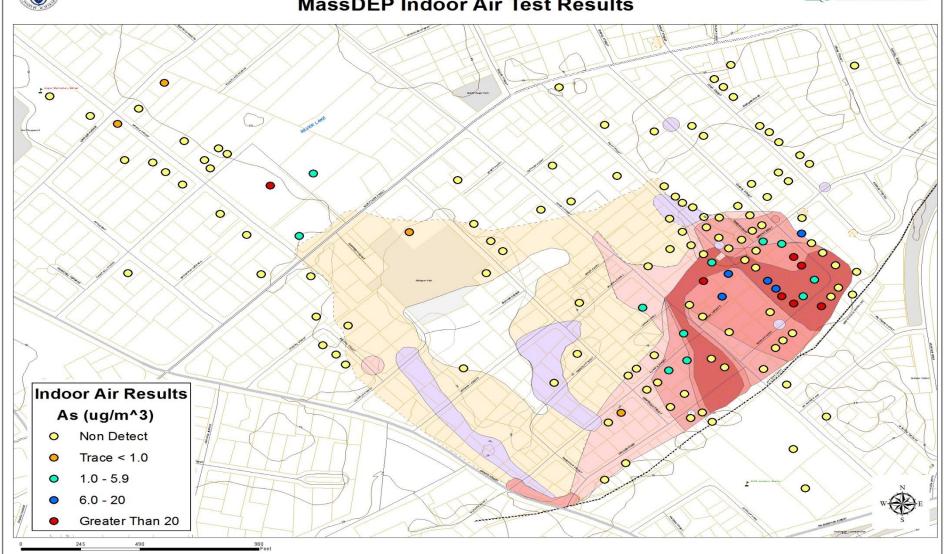






2017 - NEWTON - NONANTUM TCE INVESTIGATION MassDEP Indoor Air Test Results







Next Steps



- MassDEP will continue to test indoor air as necessary to identify vapor intrusion.
- Latest plan of actions proposed by LSP was submitted to MassDEP on March 24 for approval; that work will be conducted by the LSP on behalf of PRPs.
- Work deemed necessary by MassDEP that is not conducted by LSP will be done by MassDEP and its contractors.
- Comprehensive testing will ultimately determine the extent of contamination in all media.
- Extent and degree of contamination will inform remedial decisions.





MassDEP Contact Information

Irene Dale (978) 694-3397

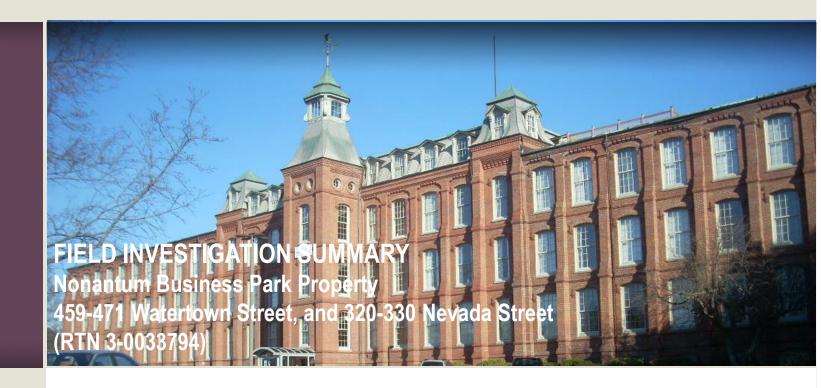
irene.dale@state.ma.us

Jack Miano (978) 694-3357

john.miano@state.ma.us

Steve Johnson (978) 694-3350

stephen.johnson@state.ma.us





Lisa J. Campe, Licensed Site Professional

April 12, 2017

Presentation Overview

- Nonantum Business Park Property background
- Regulatory history
- Investigation Findings to Date
 - Vapor Intrusion investigation
 - > Source investigation
- Next Steps
- Q & A



Project Roles

- MassDEP environmental regulatory agency
- One Nevada Realty LLC owner of the Property
- Northrop Grumman company that acquired TRW, a former owner of the Property
- O'Reilly, Talbot & Okun Associates environmental consultant for One Nevada
- Woodard & Curran environmental consultant for Northrop Grumman
- Lisa Campe overall project LSP







Property Background

- 1860s: Brick mill building constructed by Silver Lake Cordage Company
- 1928: National Packaging Machine Company took over the Property
- 1938-1980s: Ucinite Company, United-Carr, Inc. and TRW, Inc. occupied the Property
 - Manufacturing/production of specialty fasteners and assembly of electromechanical devices
- 1984: One Nevada purchased property
 - > Redeveloped mill building as office space
 - Mixed commercial use at other two buildings



Regulatory History

- MassDEP/EPA investigations 1980s-1990s
 - Nevada Street Site "closed"/no further action
- 2014: MassDEP initiated groundwater/indoor air assessment in Nonantum neighborhood following audit of former junkyard Site on West Street
 - TCE impacts identified in shallow groundwater, associated with vapor intrusion pathway
- 2016: MassDEP installed groundwater monitoring wells on corner of Watertown and Nevada Streets
 - Elevated levels of TCE detected in deep groundwater.



Regulatory History, continued

- Sept. 2016 -MassDEP sent Notice of Responsibility (NOR) to One Nevada and Northrop Grumman
- NOR identified need for "Immediate Response Actions" (IRA)
 - > IRA must address any "Imminent Hazards" (IH)
- Focus on Vapor Intrusion in Property buildings



Initial Indoor Air Sampling

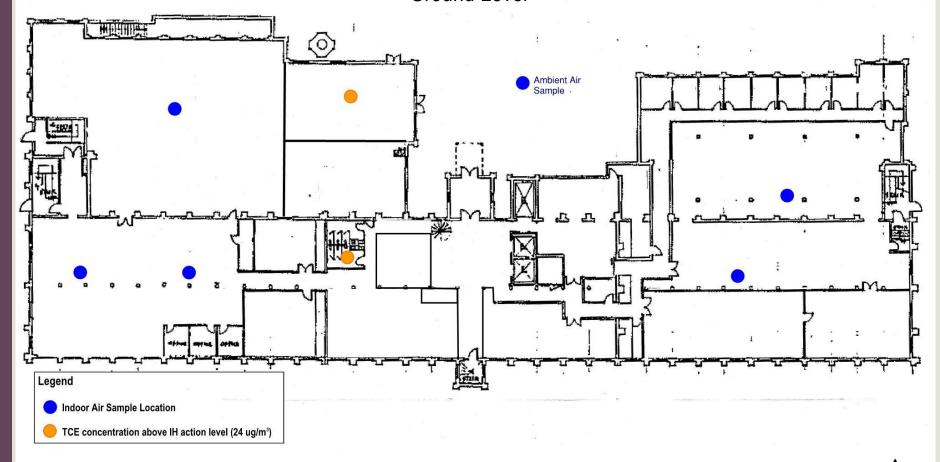
- October 2016: Air samples collected by MassDEP and OTO from all three buildings
 - > IH conditions identified in only 2 locations in central-eastern portion of mill building.
 - IH action level for TCE > 24 μg/m³
 - TCE only contaminant in air above MassDEP indoor air threshold levels
 - Need for Immediate Response Actions (IRA) in former mill building due to IH.



Air sampling canister (SUMMA canister)



Former Mill Building Indoor Air Sampling Locations: Ground Level





Sub-Slab Soil Vapor Sampling

- Soil vapor: vapor-phase chemicals in spaces within soil
- Woodard & Curran collected soil vapor samples through foundations of the three buildings Nov. 2016-Feb. 2017
- Used "vapor pin" set-up with SUMMA canister



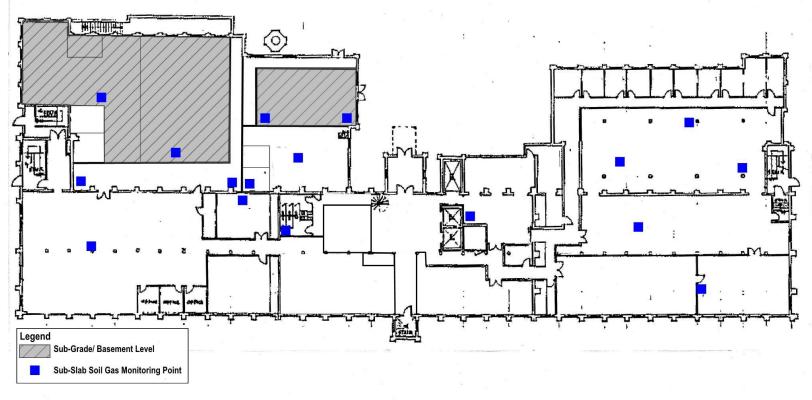


Air-filled

Soil particle

Former Mill Building Sub-Slab Soil Vapor Monitoring Points

- Highest concentrations detected near former cistern/plating area
- Complete VI pathway present





Imminent Hazard Abatement

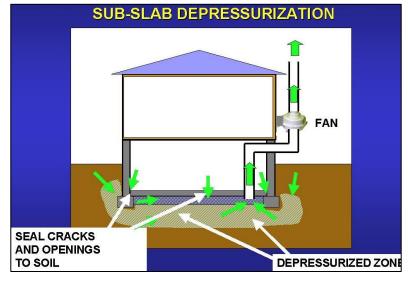
- Short-term actions to eliminate the IH:
 - > Air-Purifying Units (APUs) installed
 - > Bathroom drain traps filled
 - Fresh-air ventilation increased
- November 2016: areas with IH conditions resampled
 - > TCE levels declined; IH conditions abated
- December 2016: all prior locations resampled
 - No IH conditions identified
 - Concentrations typically lower than initial sampling





Vapor Intrusion Mitigation

- Long-term mitigation
 - Installation of Sub-Slab Depressurization System (SSDS) in spring 2017
- Follow-up air and soil vapor sampling after SSDS installation





On-Property Source Investigation

Goals:

- Identify source of VOCs, if present
- > Evaluate nature and extent of impacts
- Step-wise approach taken:
 - Soil vapor (exterior of building)
 - > Soil
 - Groundwater (shallow/deep)
 - Groundwater flow
 - Geophysical survey



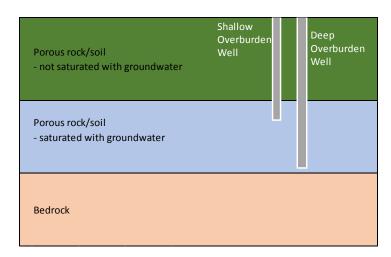


Soil Boring and Monitoring Well Locations



Groundwater Assessment

- Sampling of 4 existing on-Property shallow wells
- Groundwater profiling at 8 locations
 - Samples collected at 10-foot intervals from water table until refusal
- Sampling of 3 new shallow and 5 deep wells on-Property
- Sampling of MassDEP deep wells on Watertown Street





Shallow Groundwater Results

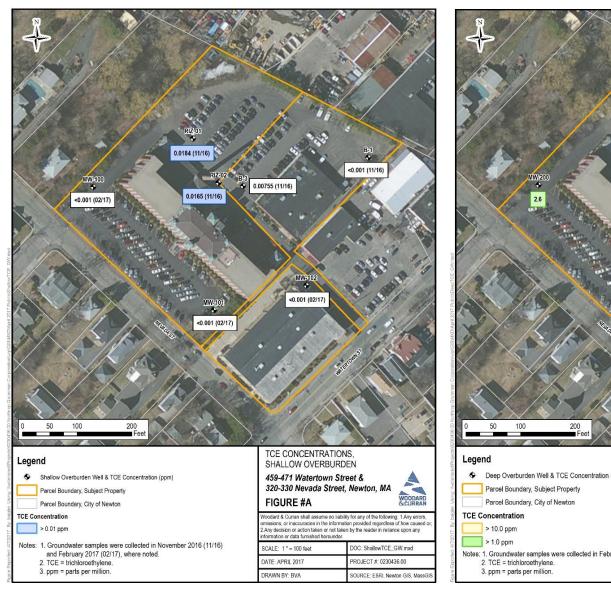
- Neither TCE nor its breakdown products detected in samples from new shallow overburden wells.
- Low levels (<20 ppb) TCE detected in samples from previously existing shallow wells
- No apparent source of VOC impacts to shallow groundwater observed



Deep Groundwater Results

- VOC impacts not observed until approximately 50-70 feet bgs
- TCE concentrations in new deep wells similar in magnitude to MassDEP Watertown Street wells
- Highest on-Property TCE concentrations in central portion of 320 Nevada Street, near former cistern/plating area
- No apparent on-Property source of TCE impacts to deep overburden groundwater has yet been identified at the Property







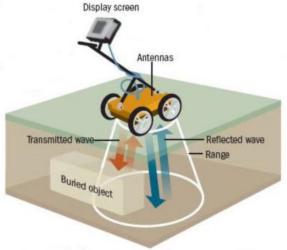
Groundwater Elevation Survey

- Elevation Survey to evaluate direction(s) of groundwater flow
- Initial survey included all on-Property shallow and deep wells and select nearby neighborhood wells installed by MassDEP.
- Initial survey shows very flat gradient
- Flow direction(s) unclear at this time
- Additional survey data to be collected



Geophysical Survey

- Ground-penetrating radar (GPR) in former mill building
- Identifies presence of underground "anomalies" –
 depressions, objects, structures
- GPR identified buried round structure
 - Suspected former cistern





IRA Response Actions Summary

Vapor Intrusion

- Complete vapor intrusion pathway identified in former mill building
- IH pinpointed in two locations in former mill building abated through short-term measures (APUs)
- SSDS to mitigate vapor intrusion planned for mill building
- Future air quality monitoring planned for Nonantum Business Park Property



IRA Response Actions Summary

Source Investigation

- Collected over 200 samples since November 2016 from various media across Property
 - 20 subslab soil vapor
 - > 30 indoor air
 - > 59 exterior soil vapor
 - > 39 soil samples
 - > 15 groundwater from monitoring wells
 - > 41 groundwater (profiling)
- GPR Survey
- Well elevation survey



IRA Response Actions Summary

Soil/Groundwater Source Investigation

- Data show little to no impact in shallow soils/groundwater
- Elevated VOC concentrations appear limited to deep (~50-70 feet bgs) groundwater
- No source of VOCs to deep groundwater identified, but former cistern/ plating area targeted for future assessment



Ongoing Assessment Activities

- Installation/sampling of 2 angled monitoring wells beneath the former Mill Building to reach former cistern area
- Elevation Survey of Property and Neighborhood wells to evaluate groundwater flow direction(s)
- Repeat groundwater sampling at all on-Property wells
- Integrate all findings into Conceptual Site Model to identify next steps





QUESTIONS?

