

City of Newton, Massachusetts

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Newton's Inclusionary Zoning Ordinance:

Current vs. Proposed Comparison Table (as of 11.9.18)

Provision	Current	Proposed	Rationale for Proposed Change
#1: Application of IZ Requirements (see Required Inclusionary Units table below)	 Net increase of 2 or more new dwelling units, less the number of units allowed byright Due to current interpretation of ordinance, IZ requirement usually kicks in when there is a net increase of 6 new dwelling units. Example: 6 new units minus 2 units allowed byright = 4 units subject to IZ requirement; 4 X 15% = 0.6 (therefore, round up to get 1 required IZ unit) Projects have also been offered a reduction in their requirement based on the number of dwelling units that currently exist on a site, even if those are proposed to be demolished. Example: 20 new units minus 4 existing units to be demolished = 16 units subject to IZ requirement; 16 X 15% = 2.4 (round down to get 2 required IZ units) 	 Construction of 7 or more dwelling units, with no reductions provided for the number of residential units that could be built on a parcel byright or for the residential units proposed to be demolished The IZ requirement is purely based on the number of units proposed to be constructed 	 To clarify confusion and multiple interpretations around current ordinance language To better balance the financial feasibility of a project with the desired public benefit The addition of an affordable unit to a small-scale project can quickly render a project financially infeasible 15% of 7 dwelling units would result in 1.05 IZ units

#2.	1/ of the boundaries 500/	Three Tiers of Elicible	- To many and alfred !!
#2: Inclusionary Unit Tiers	 ½ of the households at 50% AMI ½ of the households at 80% AMI Average 65% AMI, regardless of project size No IZ units provided for households above 80% AMI 	Three Tiers of Eligible Households: Tier 1: Up to 50% AMI Tier 2: Up to 80% AMI Tier 3 (Middle- Income): Up to 110% AMI Tiered structure linking affordability to project size and project type (rental or ownership)	 To more specifically apply IZ requirements across the spectrum of housing need in Newton: from low- to moderate-to middle-income households To apply IZ targets according to project size and type to account for the differing costs and financials associated with these projects
#3: Employ Rising IZ percentage requirement to project size	15% for all Inclusionary Housing Projects, regardless of project size or type	 6 Tiers of Project Size: 7-9 units 10-20 units 21-34 units 35-64 units 65-100 units 101+ units Increasing IZ percentage requirement as project size increases	 To balance the need for greater affordability with project financial feasibility Larger projects can absorb higher percentage requirements due to their ability to spread the cost of affordable units across several market-rate units
#4: Round Up and Build and Fractional Cash Payments	 Where IZ requirement results in a fraction of a unit greater than or equal to 0.5, one IZ unit must be provided Where IZ requirement results in a fraction of a unit less than 0.5, no IZ unit required to capture that fraction 	 Where IZ requirement results in a fraction of a unit greater than or equal to 0.5, one IZ unit must be provided Where IZ requirement results in a fraction of a unit less than 0.5, projects may choose to provide one IZ unit to cover that fraction OR contribute a fractional cash payment to the City 	 To favor the building of Inclusionary Units To capture some value from all fractional amounts less than 0.5 to support future affordable housing development through the City's Inclusionary Zoning Fund

#5: Cash Payment Option in lieu of providing Inclusionary Units	 Through Special Permit application, projects containing 6 dwelling units or less OR Through a Special Permit where City Council makes specific findings to unusual net benefit to allowing a fee rather than Inclusionary Units 	 Projects containing 7- 9 dwelling units Through Special Permit where City Council makes specific findings to unusual net benefit to allowing a fee rather than Inclusionary Units 	 To account for the fact that smaller-scale projects are more sensitive to the inclusion of affordable units, and therefore, may benefit from the ability to pay a fee-in-lieu, rather than build the affordable units on site To capture some value from all fractional amounts less than 0.5 to support future affordable housing development through the City's Inclusionary Zoning Fund
#6: Cash Payment and Fractional Cash Payment Amount and Calculations	 First two units in a development are exempt from fee-in-lieu For remaining units, fee equals 12% of sales price at closing of each unit or 12% of assessed value of each unit for rental projects 	 Based on a formula that utilizes the average of the Massachusetts DHCD Qualified Action Plan "Total Residential Development Cost Limits" Index for Production Projects within Metro Boston for large and small unit projects at the time of first application to the City (currently = \$389,000) For projects with 7-9 units, payment is adjusted at a decreasing percentage 	 To simplify and clarify calculation To tie cash payments to the DHCD's annually published maximum subsidy amount per unit for affordable housing projects seeking Federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) – a defensible number that is grounded in industry-wide research by a respected third party, the Massachusetts Housing Partnership (MHP)
#7: 100% Deed- Restricted Affordable Developments	Provision not included in current ordinance	Projects that consist of 100% deed- restricted affordable units up to 110% AMI are not required to	To encourage projects that serve Newton's shrinking middle-income population, helping to diversify the array of

		comply with the prescribed percentage requirements per income level, as detailed in the Number of Inclusionary Units Required section of the proposed ordinance	housing options present throughout the City Could be particularly beneficial to Newton's senior population, many of whom fall in this middle-income category Housing options for this group are particularly constrained
#8: Incentives for Additional IZ Units	 Density bonus equal to 1 market-rate unit for each additional IZ unit provided above the number originally required by the IZ provisions Expedited application and review procedures given to projects where the percentage of IZ units to be provided exceeds 30% of the total units in the project 	 Density bonus of 2:1 For every additional IZ unit provided above the original number of required IZ units, the project will be awarded 2 additional market-rate units Additional IZ units to be affordable to households at or below 80% AMI 	 To incentivize the building of additional IZ units Current incentives provision is vastly underutilized
#9: Off-Site Development in lieu of constructing required IZ units on-site	 Allowed through a Special Permit when applicant enters into development agreement with non-profit housing developer Off-site units must be completed no later than the market-rate units 	 Generally discouraged But allowed through a Special Permit where City Council makes specific findings to unusual net benefit to allowing required IZ units to be built offsite Applicant must enter into development agreement with nonprofit housing developer Off-site units must be completed and occupied no later than the market-rate units Off-site units must provide an equivalent level of accessibility as 	 To favor the building of Inclusionary Units on-site To provide for equivalent accessibility

#10: Elder Housing with Services	 Contribution = 2.5% of annual gross revenue calculation to be contributed to City The City Council determines whether the contribution shall be residential beds or units or a cash payment 	what would have been required if IZ units were to remain on-site • 5% of beds provided on-site must be designated affordable for elderly households at or below 80% AMI • Monthly housing plus base service costs not to exceed 80% of eligible household's annual gross income • Project may choose to make a cash payment to City in lieu of providing affordable	 To simplify and clarify ordinance language and reduce confusion around current requirements To provide clear guidance for determining Elder Housing with Services Inclusionary benefits To provide an additional compliance methodology for projects of this type
		providing affordable beds on-site, without receiving a Special Permit from City Council to do so Cash payment based on a formula that utilizes DHCD's current Qualified Action Plan Index for "Single Room Occupancy/Group Homes/Assisted Living/Small Unit Supportive Housing" within Metro Boston at the time of first	
#11:	• N/A	application to the City (currently = \$259,000) • The effective date of	To clarify which projects
Effective Date		the new IZ ordinance will be a specified date after the amended ordinance is adopted by the City Council and signed by	are subject to the requirements of the amended Inclusionary Zoning ordinance

the Mayor
The provisions of the
amended ordinance
will only apply to
projects that receive a
special permit (or a
building permit in the
case where a special
permit is not
required) after this
effective date

Required Inclusionary Units Table (Sec. 5.11.4.B.)

Tier Level	7-9 units		10-20 units		21-34 units		35-64 units		65-100 units		101+ units	
	Rental	Owner	Rental	Owner	Rental	Owner	Rental	Owner	Rental	Owner	Rental	Owner
Tier 1, up to 50% AMI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%	0.0%	2.5%	0.0%
Tier 2, 51%-80% AMI	15.0%	15.0%	17.5%	5.0%	7.5%	10.0%	2.5%	7.5%	10.0%	10.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Tier 3, 81%-110% AMI	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	5.0%	7.5%	15.0%	10.0%	5.0%	7.5%	2.5%	5.0%