Newton Zoning 1st Draft Overview

Ward 5 11.29.18





Objective

Objective

Tonight we will:

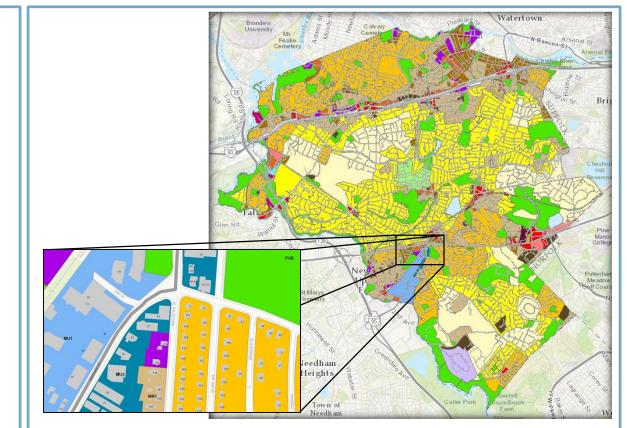
- Provide an overview and orientation to the 1st Draft Zoning Ordinance.
- Start a discussion we anticipate stretching over many months of detailed review with the City Council and with the Public.

Background

What is Zoning?

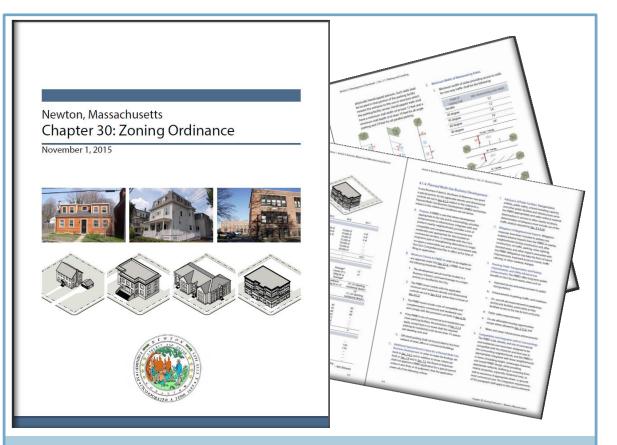
Zoning is the regulation of our built environment: types of buildings, their locations, and their uses.

- The Zoning Map
- The Zoning Ordinance
- Dimensional Requirements
- Development and Use Standards
- Decision Making Processes



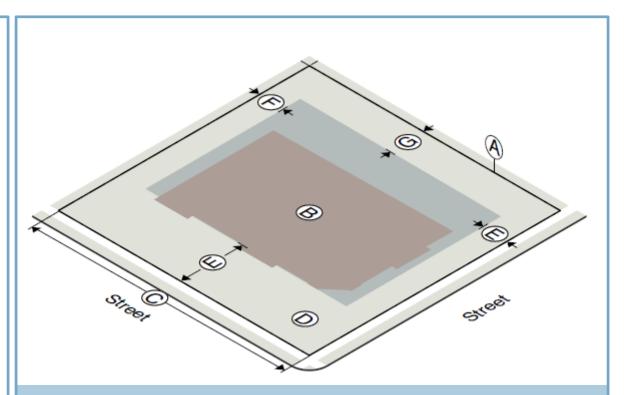
The Zoning Map divides the city into districts, each of which represents a different set of land uses and scales of building types.

- The Zoning Map
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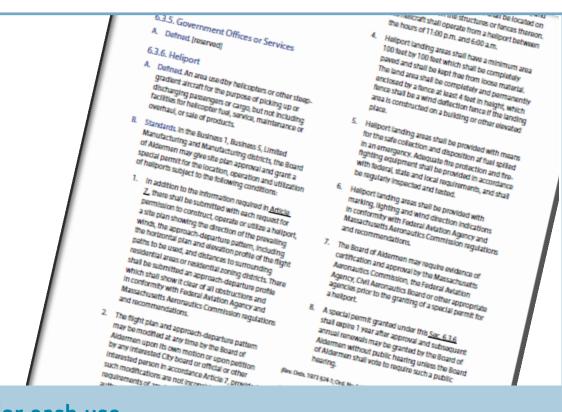
The Zoning Ordinance is the book of rules and regulations for how private property lots are divided, how buildings are constructed on those lots, and how those buildings are used.

- The Zoning Map
- The Zoning Ordinance
- Dimensional Requirements
- Development and Use Standards
- Decision Making Processes



Dimensional Requirements control the dimensions of private property lots and the buildings constructed on them, including: width and depth of properties, height and overall scale or mass of buildings, as well as how far buildings are from the street and from neighboring property lines.

- The Zoning Map
- The Zoning Ordinance
- Dimensional Requirements
- Development and Use Standards
- Decision Making Processes



- For each use
 - Define it. State Intent.
 - Set standards Specific application materials, specific site layout standards, specific operations standards

- The Zoning Map
- The Zoning Ordinance
- Dimensional Requirements
- Development and Use Standards
- Decision Making Processes

Who approves? What standards for approval are applied?

City Council e.g. Special Permit Zoning Amendments

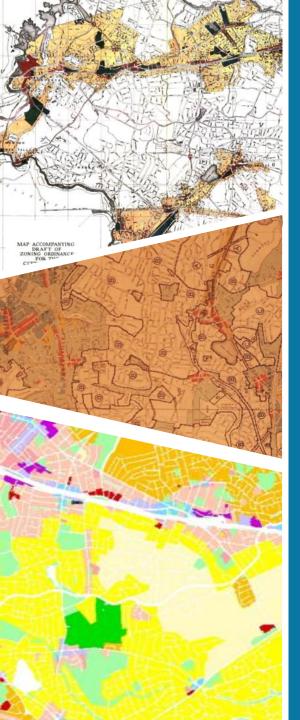
Zoning Board of Appeals e.g. Variance

Inspectional Services Department e.g. Building Permit



Created by Creative Stall from Noun Project

Decision Making Processes for applying the zoning rules are outlined in the ordinance as well.



30-Second History of Zoning in Newton

1922 – First zoning code in Newton 1941 – Introduce lot sizes & setbacks **1953 – Increase required lot sizes** 1987 – Major reorganization, and update to commercial zones 2011 – Zoning Reform Group 2015 – Phase One completed Current **2017 – Zoning Redesign Event Series** efforts 2018 – Draft #1

Themes from the 2011 Report

- Better organize the Ordinance for ease of use
- Simplify and streamline the permitting and review processes
- Recognize that each village center and commercial corridor is **unique**
- Encourage mixed-use residential redevelopment in village centers
- Create "soft transitions" between village centers and residential neighborhoods
- Allow moderate, flexible growth on commercial corridors
- Rationalize and streamline parking regulations
- Protect neighborhood character and scale
- Create more **diverse housing** opportunities
- Institute a better process for managing change of religious and educational institutions
- Improve natural resource conservation and sustainability

A Context-Based Ordinance...

Rules are derived from existing or desired (where defined) context.

Existing Quality of Place

Sustainability of the Form

Future Planning

The Pattern Book

The Pattern Book represents a snapshot in time of Newton' development patterns in 2016-2017.

- Master database of the physical characteristics of Newton's neighborhoods (lot characteristics & building size)
- Book of analytic maps and tables

• Sustainability

- Homeowners
- Economic Development
- Housing
- Transportation
- Arts
- Design
- Process
- Map



Event Series



Setting Standards

Starting point was to develop a set of data driven standards – utilized pattern book

- Continued refinement
- Time for policy questions to be resolved
- Challenge of balancing competing interests

Balance

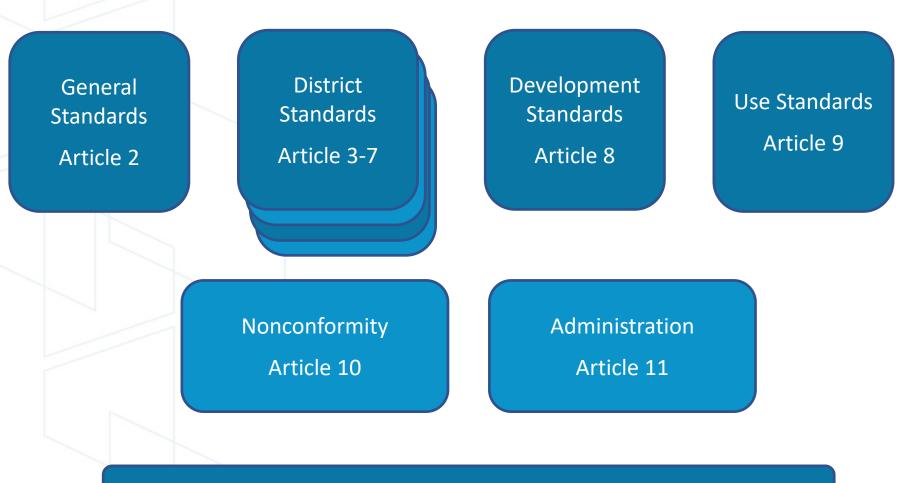
- Property rights
 - Reasonable expansion / tear-downs
- Property values & tax revenue
- Neighborhood character and natural evolution in response to changing social, economic, and environmental conditions

Guide to Reading the Draft Ordinance

Things to Remember...

- Separate Mechanisms and Standards.
- Must apply all rules comprehensively to know what's possible.
- Simplicity
 - No math more complicated than addition/subtraction.
 - Measure simply.

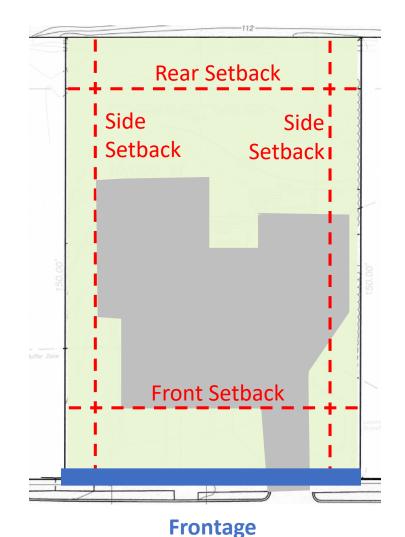
Reading the Ordinance



Definitions | Article 12

Reading the Ordinance Districts

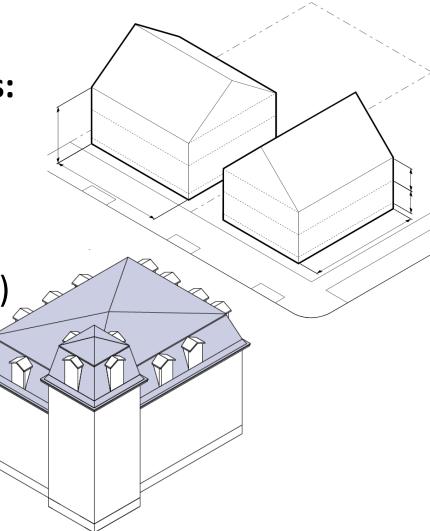
- Lot and Setback Standards are set by the district:
 - Frontage
 - Setbacks
 - Lot Coverage
 - Allowed Building Types



Reading the Ordinance Building Types

Building Types include all building dimensional standards:

- Footprint
- Height (Stories)
- Specific Rules
 (e.g. Fenestration, Roof Types)



Reading the Ordinance Development Standards

Development Standards describe how to build key site features:

- Parking Area Design
- Stormwater
- Sustainable Building Design Incentives



Reading the Ordinance Use Standards

Use Standards include clearer definitions, requirements, and criteria that must be met to approve a new use.

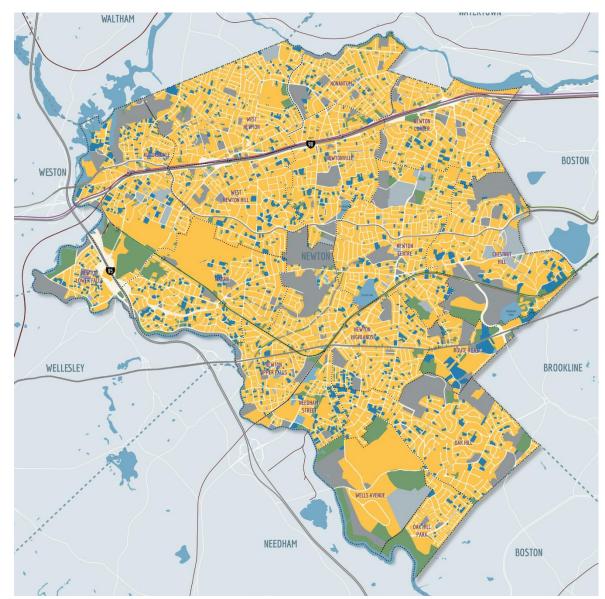
Examples:

- Brewery: criteria includes compatibility with level of activity in the area
- Manufacturing: criteria for nuisance prevention (smell, noise, etc.)



Draft Zoning Map & Districts

Non-Conforming Homes & Lots



87% Non-Conforming

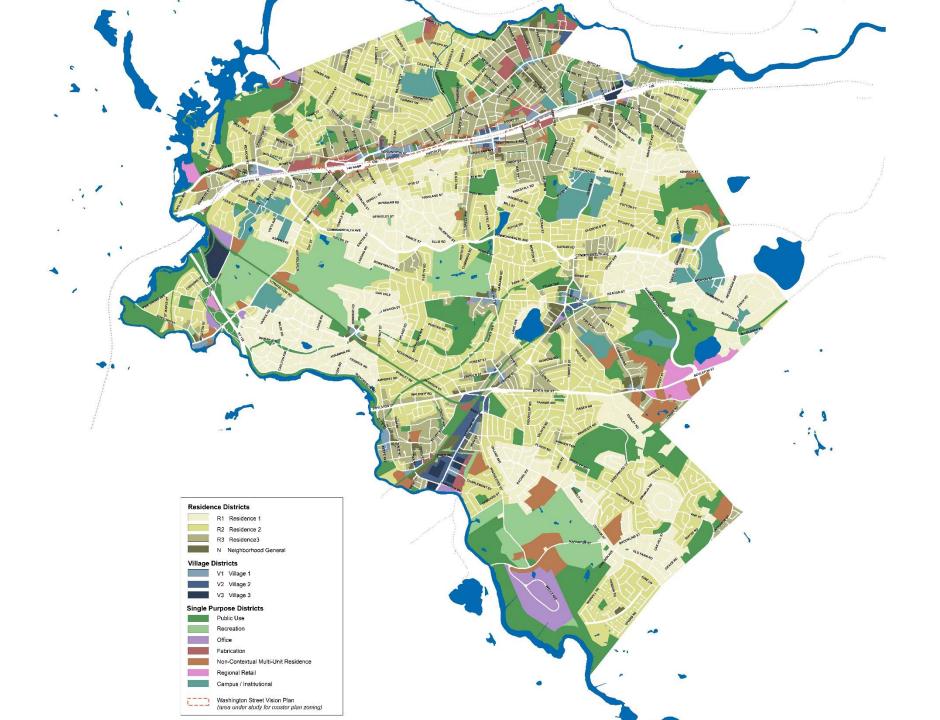
Map Making Principles

1) Balance of two goals:

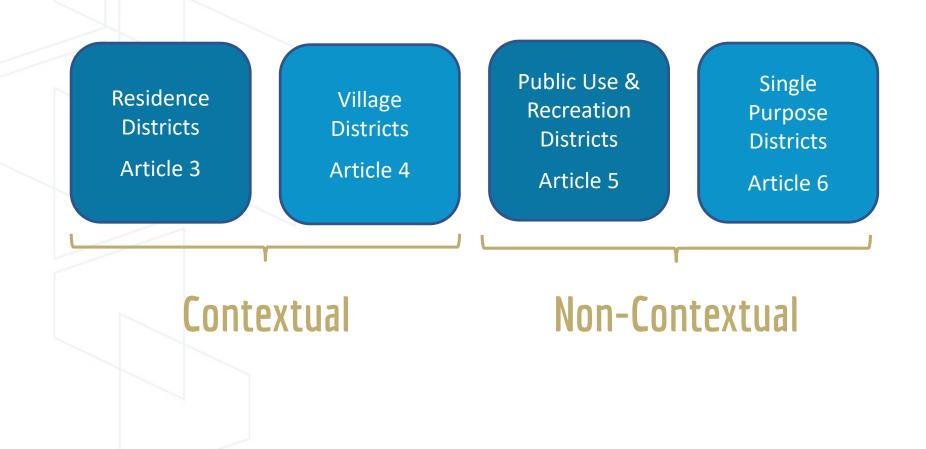
- Minimize non-conformity
- Maximize consistency with existing patterns of development
 - Map based in Pattern Book database findings (2017/2018)
 - Particular interest in conditions before-tear downs (before 2000)

2) General Considerations:

- District lines are at the back of the property
- As much as possible, both sides of the street should have the same zoning
 - Boundaries occur when the pattern shifts change in lot width, scale of buildings (footprint and/or height), use or number of units
- The exception does not make the rule 100% conformity is not possible



Reading the Ordinance Map



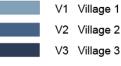
Draft Zoning Map Newton Corner

Residence Districts



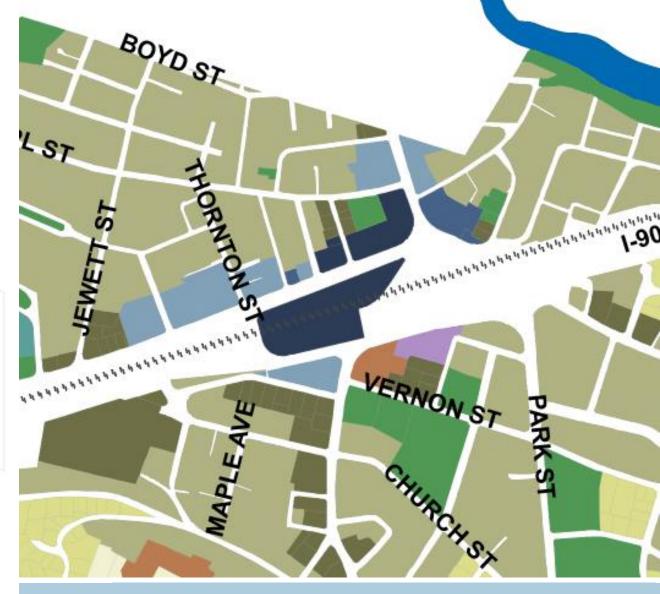
- R3 Residence3
- Neighborhood General

Village Districts



Single Purpose Districts







Newton's village centers typically follow a concentric circle model (more intense activity at the center, stepping down to surrounding neighborhoods)

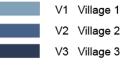
Draft Zoning Map **Newton Centre**

Residence Districts



- R3 Residence3
- Neighborhood General

Village Districts



Single Purpose Districts

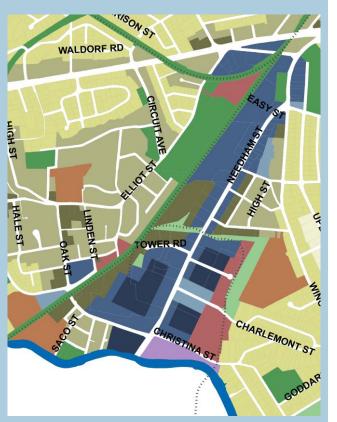






Newton's village centers typically follow a concentric circle model (more intense activity at the center, stepping down to surrounding neighborhoods)

Areas of Further Study



Needham Street

 Proposed zoning is based on the adopted Vision Plan



Washington Street

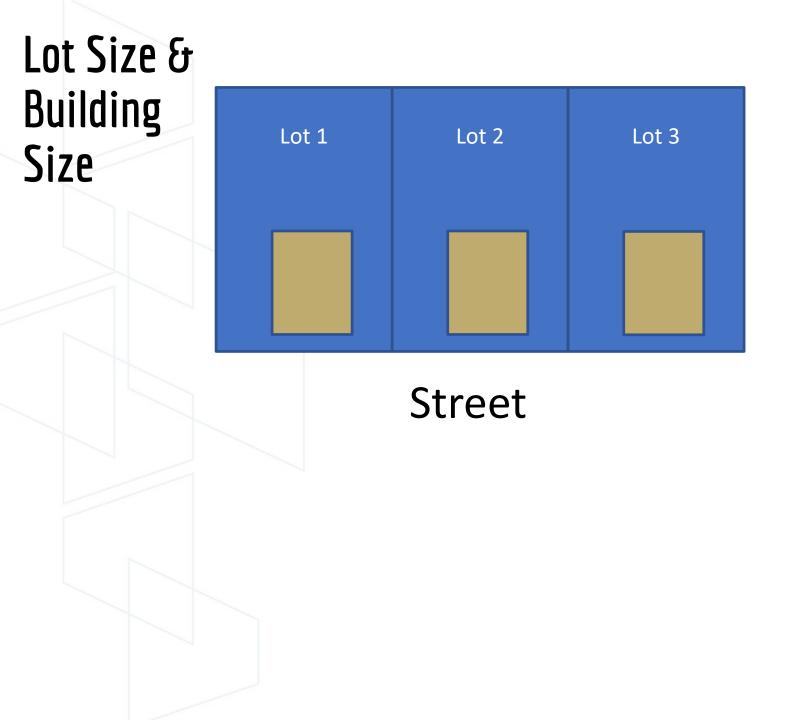
 The Hello Washington Street zoning study area is outlined in a dashed orange line

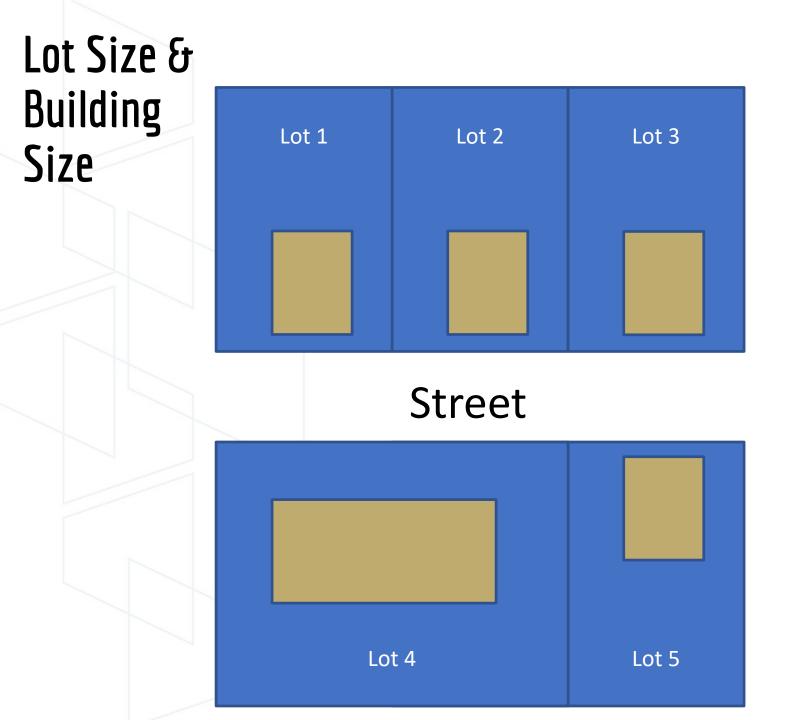


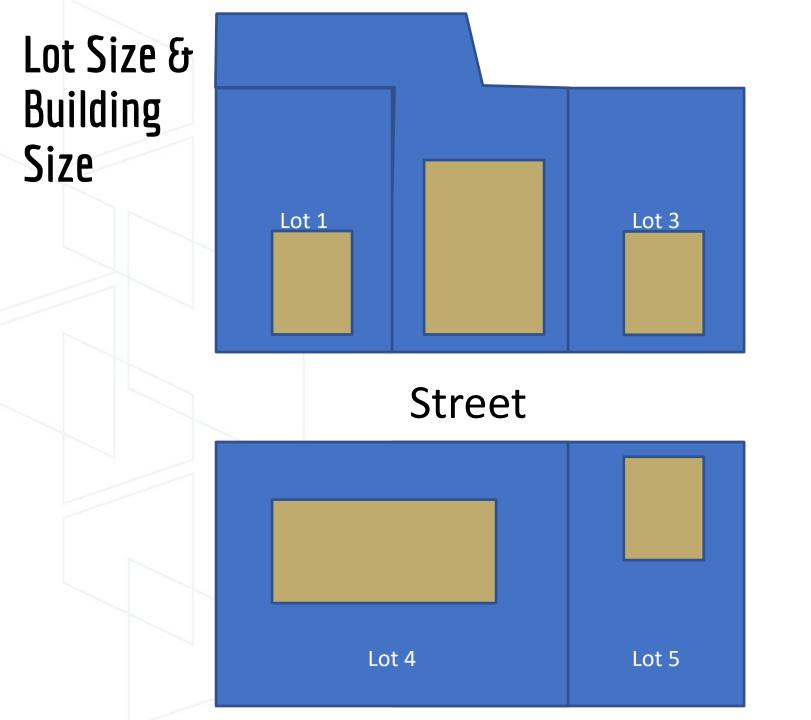
Riverside

 The proposed Village 3 is based on the previously approved Special Permit

Key Features &Case Studies









Tear Down Lot and Garage Placement an R2 District Example

District:

- current SR3
- 1st draft R2

Constructed 2010

Approved addition in 2018





2010	Current Ordinance		
	Requirement	Approved Project	
Frontage	80 ft	100 ft	
Lot Coverage*	30%	19.6%	
Setbacks Front Side (north) Side (south) Rear	(min) 25 ft 7.5 ft 7.5 ft 15 ft	35 ft 15.1 ft 16.8 ft 51.5 ft	
Lot Size	Min. 10,000 sf	15,000 sf	
Min. Open Space*	50%	71.8%	
Frontage Buildout	-	-	
Footprint	-	-	
Height (Max Stories)	Max. 2.5 stories	2.5 stories	
FAR	0.35	0.43 – extended nonconforming	

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- 1st draft R2

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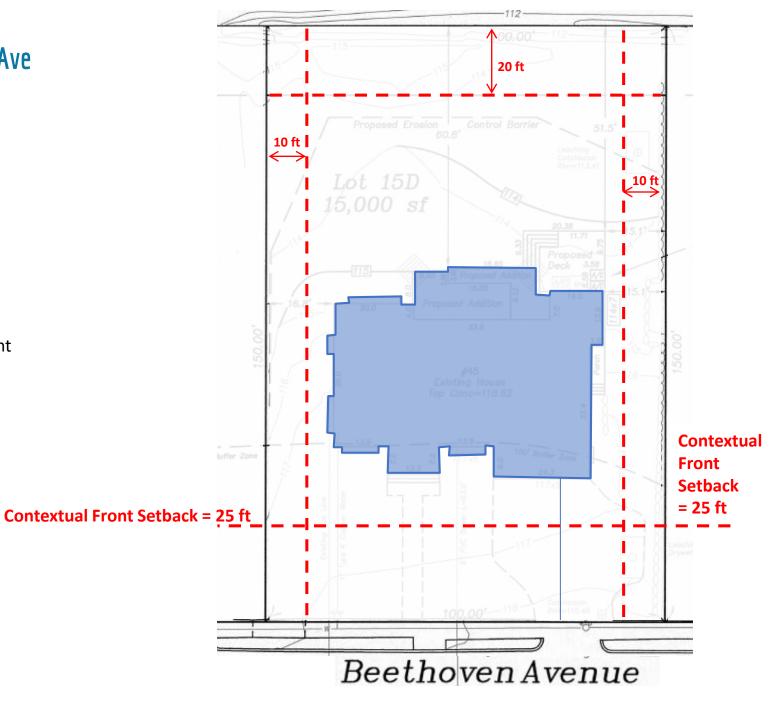
Approved addition in 2018



2010	Current Ordinance		1st Draft Ordinance		
	Requirement	Approved Project	Requirement	Approved Project	
Frontage	80 ft	100 ft	60-110 ft	100 ft	
Lot Coverage*	30%	19.6%	35%	30.8%	
Setbacks Front Side (north) Side (south) Rear	(min) 25 ft 7.5 ft 7.5 ft 15 ft	35 ft 15.1 ft 16.8 ft 51.5 ft	(min or range) <u>25 ft (</u> contextual) 10 ft 10 ft 20 ft	35 ft - beyond control ual max. 15.1 ft 16.8 ft 51.51	
Lot Size	Min. 10,000 sf	15,000 sf	-	1. 65	
Min. Open Space*	50%	71.8%	· S	0 00	
Frontage Buildout	-	-	Min. 25 ft		
Footprint	-	-	N.C. 1600 sf	2774 sf – more than S.P. House B	
Height (Max Stories)	Max. 2.5 stories	2.5 stories	Max. 2.5 stories	2.5 stories	
FAR	0.35	0.43 – extended nonconforming	-	-	

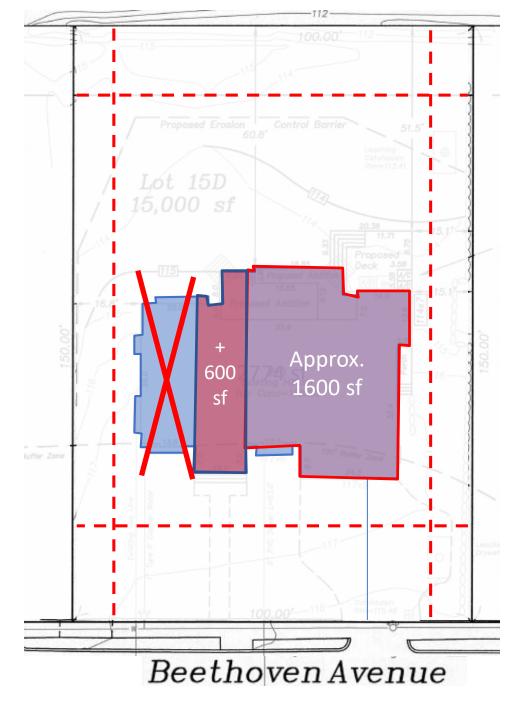
Demonstrated Features:

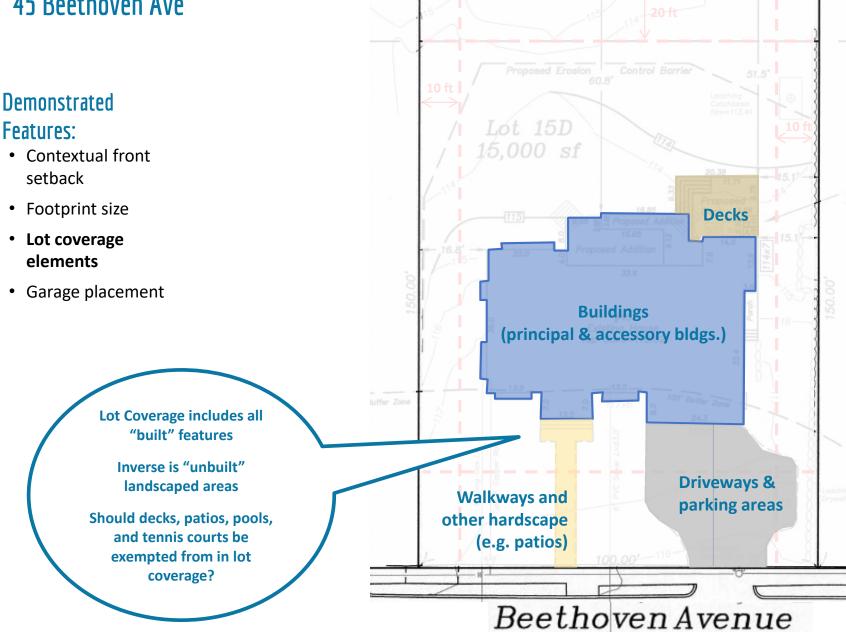
- Contextual front
 setback
- Footprint size
- Lot coverage elements
- Garage placement



Demonstrated Features:

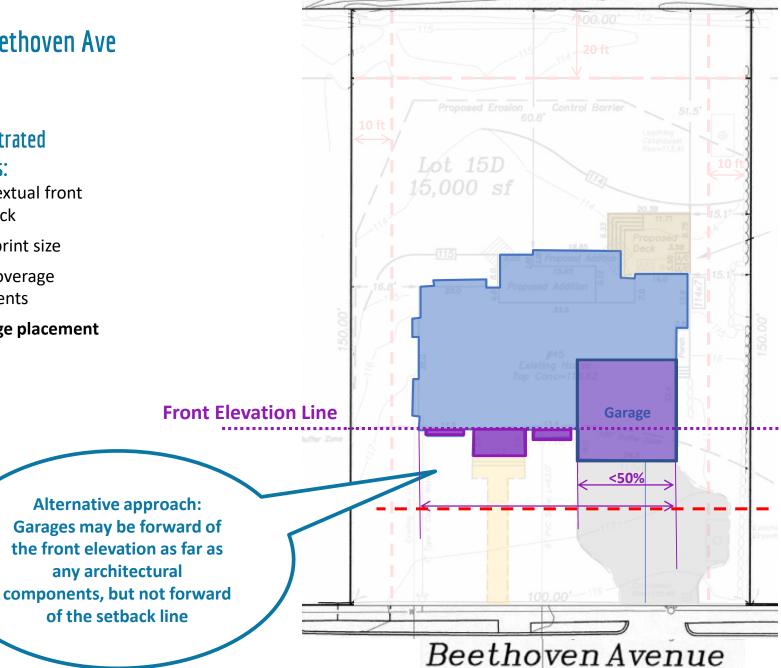
- Contextual front setback
- Footprint size
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- Contextual front setback
- Footprint size
- Lot coverage elements
- Garage placement



One Lot or Two Lots an R3 District Example

District:

- current SR3
- 1st draft R3

Constructed 1870

2017 - Approved combination of lots and expansion of nonconforming 2-unit bldg.

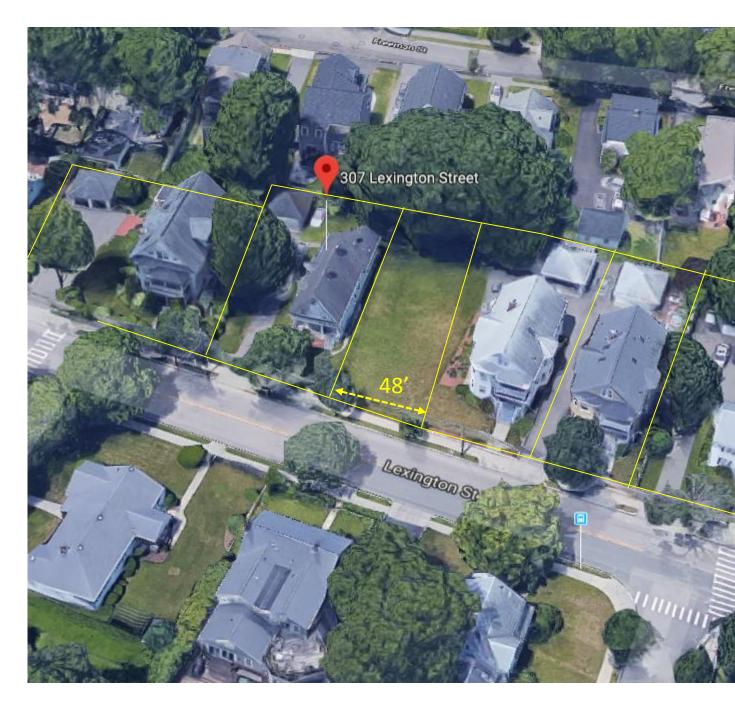


conforming 2-unit bldg.	Current Requirement	t Ordinance Approved Project	First Requirement	t Draft Ordinance Approved Project
Frontage	80 ft	113 ft	40-100 ft	113 ft - nonconforming
Lot Coverage*	30%	25.06%	60%	47%
Setbacks Front Side (north) Side (south) Rear	25 ft 7.5 ft 7.5 ft 15 ft	26.4 ft 12.8 ft 39 ft 20.1 ft	25-28 ft 7.5 ft 7.5 ft 15 ft	47% 26.4 ft 12.8 ft 39 ft 20. ft c5
Lot Size	10,000 sf	15,216 sf	-	
Min. Open Space	50%	56.13%		-har
Frontage Buildout	-	-	Mis.95 ft	- nonconforming
Footprint	-	-	2,000 sf	2,925 sf – S.P. only up to 2200
Height (Max Stories)	2.5 stories	2.5 stories	2.5 stories	2.5 stories
FAR	0.38	0.36	-	-



By Right under current ordinance, size of addition would be limited under 1st Draft

The parcel to the side of 307 Lexington began as a separate lot ... **a conforming lot under the first draft ordinance**



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The parcel to the side of 307 Lexington began as a separate lot ... a conforming lot under the first draft ordinance

Allowed Building Types & Alternative Lot Configurations:

By Right Options

- House B or C (1 unit household living)
- Two-Unit Residence
- Civic Building (civic institution)

Special Permit Options

- Larger footprints w/in limits
- Apartment House
- Small Apartment Building



The parcel to the side of 307 Lexington began as a separate lot ... a conforming lot under the first draft ordinance

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Courtyard Clusters



Courtyards Cluster allowed in all residence districts Attached townhouses limited to the Neighborhood General district

Townhouses vs. Courtyard Cluster an R3 District Example

District:

- current MR2, MR1
- 1st draft R3

2007, 2015– Approved townhouse development



	Current Ordinance Required Approved Project		First Draft Ordinance Required Approved Project	
Frontage	80 ft	120 ft and 185 ft	40 - 100 ft	120 ft and 185 ft - nonconforming
Lot Coverage*	25%	22.3%	60%	48.5%
Setbacks Front (Elm St) Side (north) Side (south) Rear	25 ft 25 ft 25 ft 25 ft	26 ft 25.5 ft 28.4 ft	12-52 ft 7.5 ft 7.5 ft 15 ft	26 ft 25.5 C A ft A ft
Lot Size	10,000 sf	57,266 sf	Min 32,670 sf for courtyard classer	57,200
Min. Open Space*	50%	86.1%	· .09 · ()	00
Frontage Buildout	-	-		
Footprint	-	-	Townhouses not allo	wed in R3
Height (Max Stories)	2.5 stories	2.5 stories	Townhouses not allowed in R3	
FAR	FAR doesn't apply		-	-

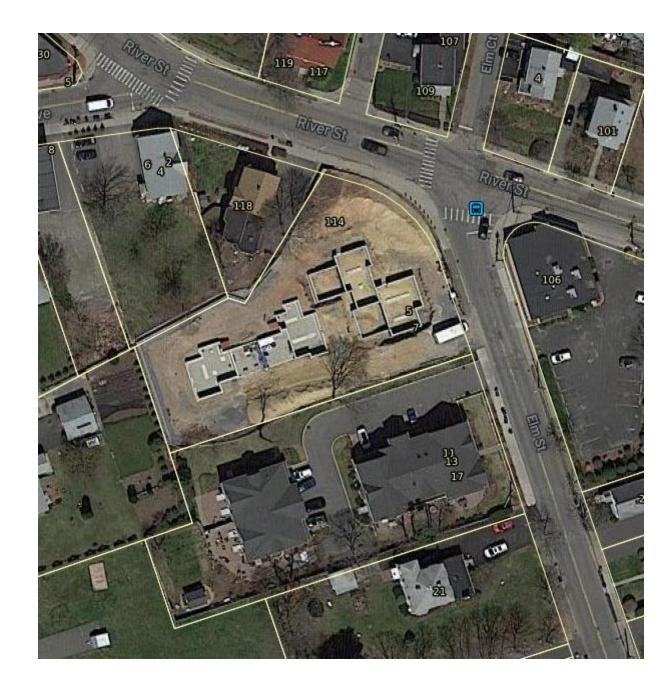
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Special Permit Options

- Larger footprints
- Apartment House
- Small Apartment Building
- Courtyard Cluster
- Rear Lot

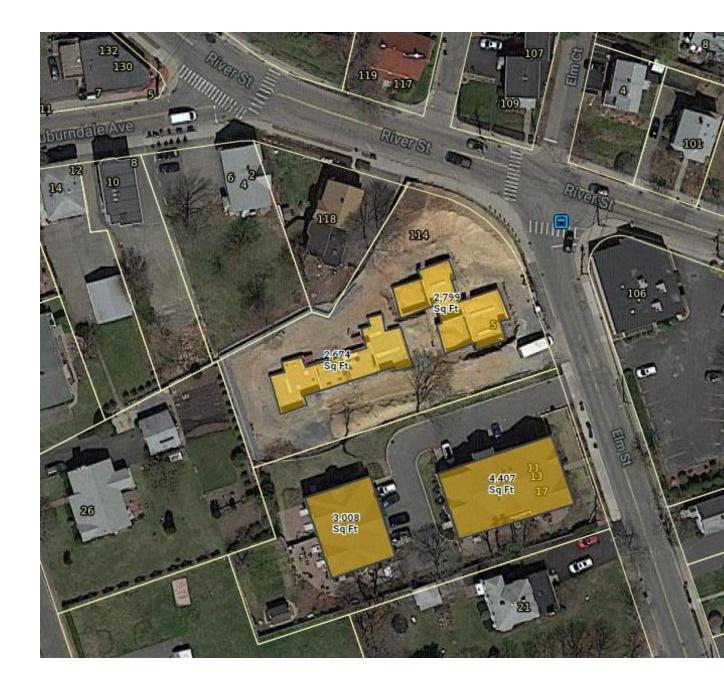


Under current ordinance properties received Special Permits for **9 attached units** (each 1300-1500 sf footprint)

Courtyard Cluster:

- Central courtyard
- Must meet lot standards
- Separate buildings with smaller than typical building footprints
- In the R3 district the following building types are allowed:
 - House C
 - House B
 - 2-Unit Res.

(all limited to 1200 sf footprints in R3)



Example Courtyard Cluster:

- Setbacks:
 - Front: contextual 12-52 ft max 35 ft
 - Sides: 7.5 ft
 - Rear: 15 ft



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 - Front: contextual 12-52 ft max 35 ft
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1-19 Elm St SBL 33023 0009 33023 0016B

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 Driveway must not be between the buildings and the courtyard and parking must be screened



Parking & Transportation

- Require Bike Parking
- Reduce Automobile Minimums & Add Maximums
- Allow sharing of underutilized parking
- Introduce Transportation Demand Management as a base requirement



Sustainable Buildings & Environmental Site Design



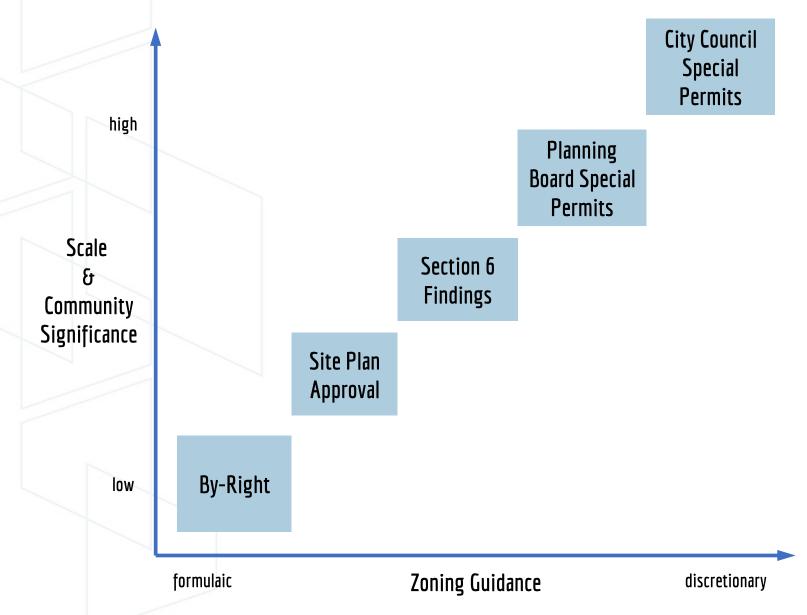
- Promote buildings and site design that achieve City objectives relative to environmental sustainability and addressing Climate Change.
- Base Requirements + Incentive level requirement
- Looking for guidance from the upcoming Climate Action Plan.
- Other environmental provisions layered throughout the ordinance.

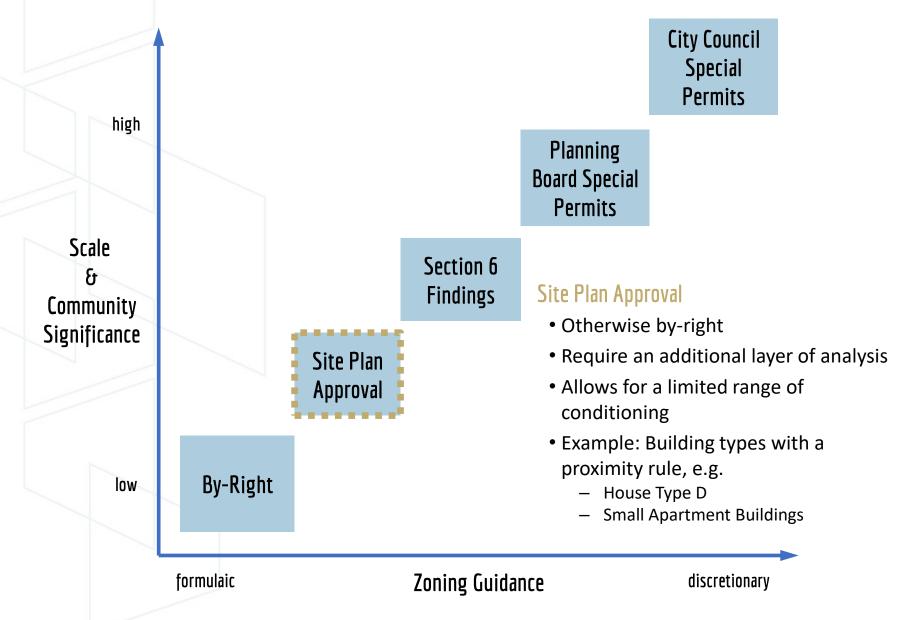
Arts & Cultural Institutions

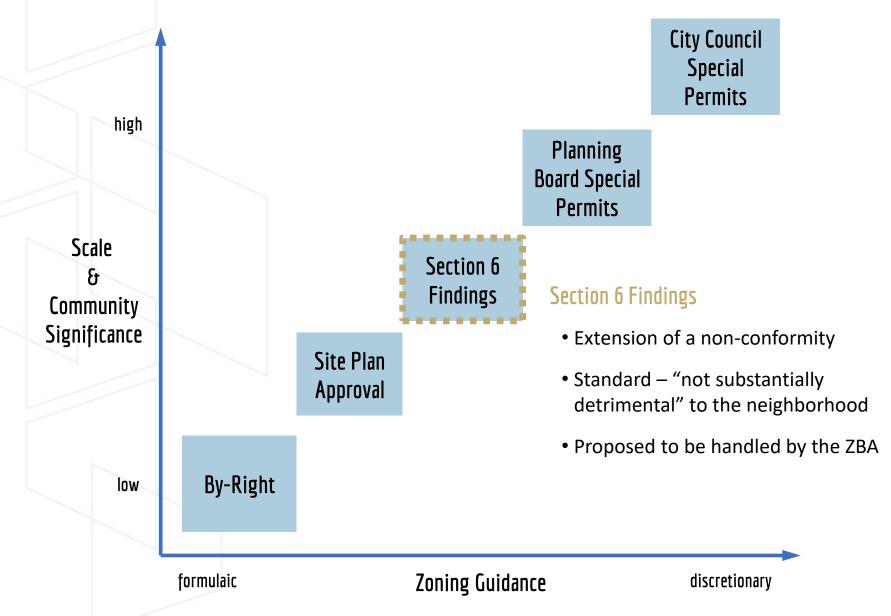
- New Use Categories
- Coming Soon -Arts related requirement for development projects over a certain size

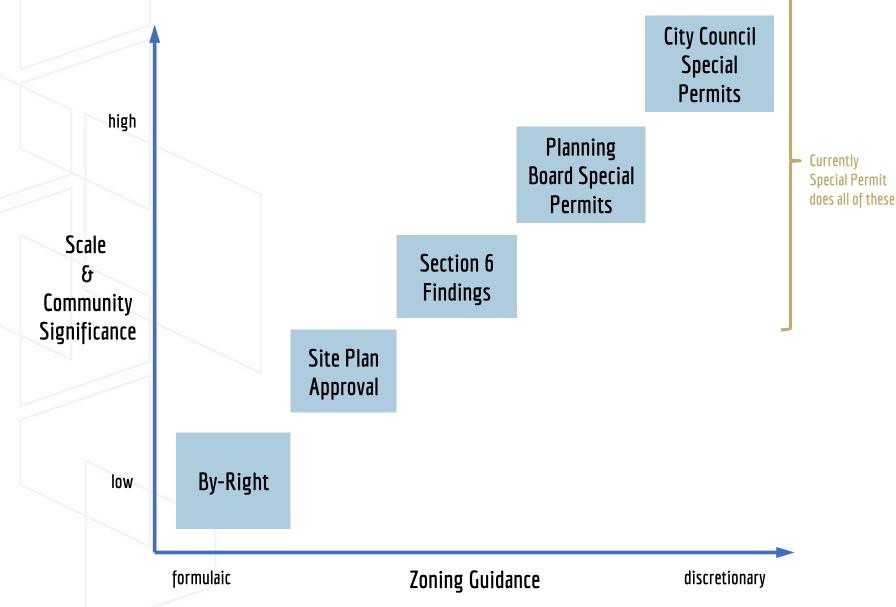












Next Steps & Schedule

Upcoming Discussions

City Council Meetings

- Regular discussions at the Zoning and Planning Committee
- February: Build Out Analysis (under current & first draft ordinances)
- Quarterly Full Council Discussions

Public Meetings

- Ward-by-Ward Meetings
 Nov Feb
- Meetings with Community Groups
- Office Hours (Spring 2019)

2nd Draft – Anticipated May 2019

How to Connect

www.newtonma.gov/ zoningredesign

- Full text of the First Draft Ordinance
- Interactive Map (Current Zoning and First Draft Zoning)
- Additional Materials
- Archive of the 2016-2018 Series Materials

Sign Up for Emails!

Office Hours Starting in March 2019

Email a Question, Idea, or Comment: zoningredesign@newtonma.gov

Thank You!