Zoning for Changing Demographics

Presentation to ZAP Deborah Pierce 16 July 2020

Pierce Lamb Architects – Since 1980



Zoning drivers over history

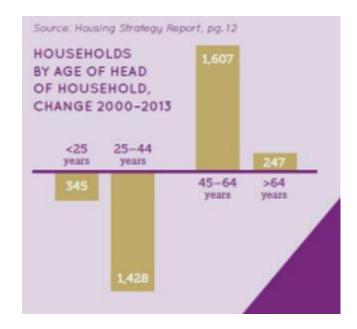
YEAR ZONING CONTEXT

1922	Formalize existing land use: commercial, industrial, residential districts.			
1940	Differentiate districts within use areas. Add dimensional controls.			
1953	Tighten requirements to reduce allowable density.			
1987	Control development in commercial and institutional districts.			
2003	Add Inclusionary Zoning - requirements for Affordable Housing.			
2007	Comprehensive Plan.			
2016	Newton Housing Strategy, Census-data informed: smaller families,			
	more singles, older heads-of-household.			

Trends in Zoning focus on PEOPLE rather than BUILDINGS or LAND.

Newton Demographics

YEAR	Newton	MA	USA
Householders	24.70%	28.90%	27.70%
living alone			
Singles 65+	12.30%	11.10%	9.90%
1+ householders	40.80%	36.30%	27.70%
over 60 years			



Seniors are a large and growing part of Newton's population.

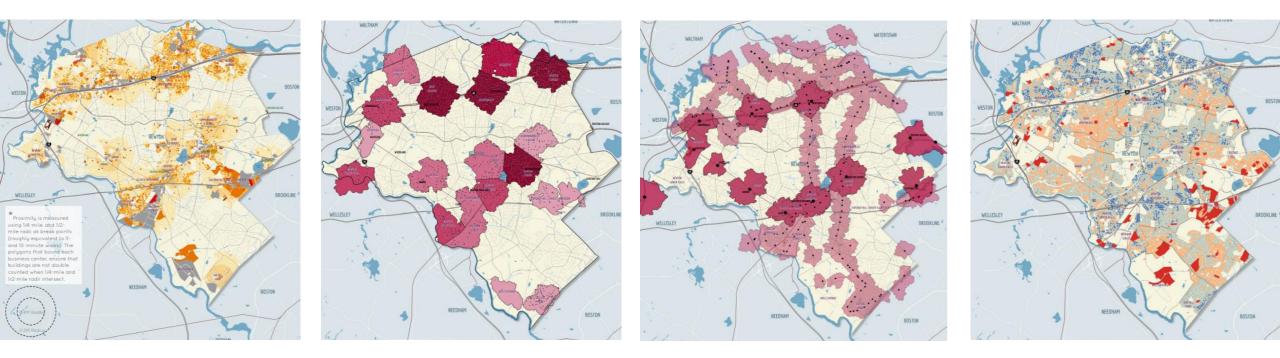
Perfect Storm

- Aging population
- Longer lifespans
- Lower birth-rate
- Reduced savings
- Fewer care-givers
- Workforce housing
- Affordable housing

- Pandemic avoid group residences
- Boomers Encore careers, not retirement
- More people living alone
- Accessible housing
- Medicare bankruptcy
- Reparations
- Climate change

New realities need new prototypes.

Distribution of land/building characteristics



2/multi-family Walkability Near public transit House sizes

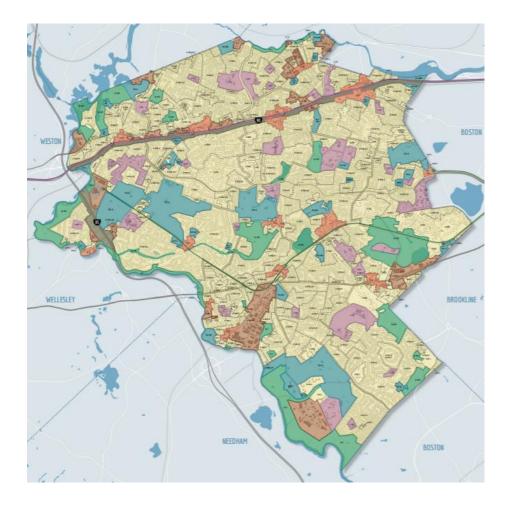
Traditional analyses are more descriptive, not prescriptive.

Pattern Subsets

Neighborhoods: 68% Newton area

Village Center: 2% Newton area





Residential accessibility is needed throughout the city.

Re-Imagine Housing

The industry has largely focused on developing a more contemporary version of homes from 20, 30, 40, 50 years ago.

Homes for agile, growing families simply **do not work** for aging adults and smaller households!







Trend 1 REMODEL FOR AGING



Retrofit existing housing stock.





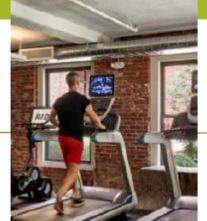




Trend 2 APARTMENT LIFE

- Lofts
- Senior-friendly apartments
- Luxury senior lofts
- Affordable senior housing
- Assisted living











Provide options for down-sizing.







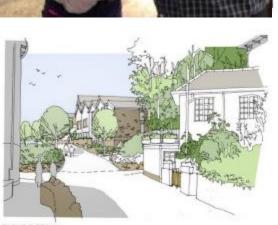


Trend 3 COMMUNAL VILLAGES

- 55+ retirement community
- Co-housing
 - Resident-initiated
 - Developer-initiated

Support aging in community.







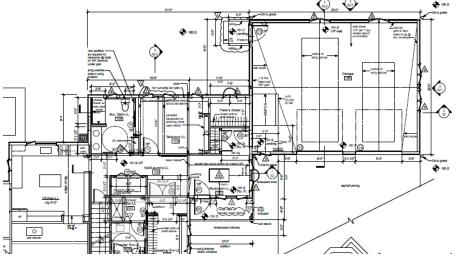






Senior-friendly policy:



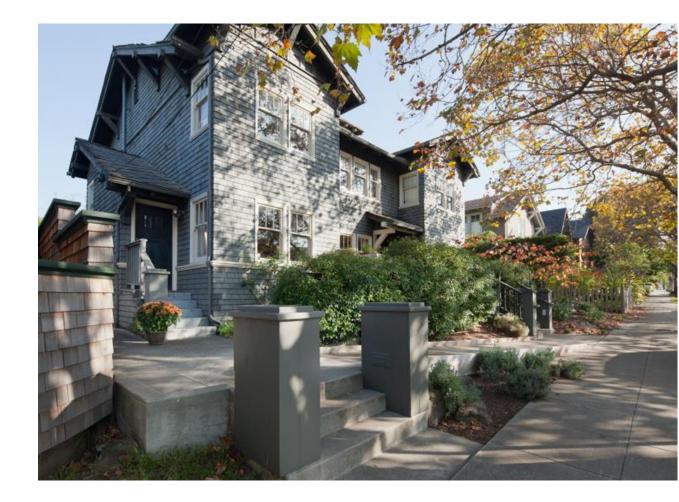


- 1. Supports access upgrades
 - Speedy approvals
 - Prioritize functional circulation
 - Ease dimensional requirements
- 2. Promotes housing options
 - Small houses
 - ADU's
 - Flats, not townhouses
 - Building conversions
 - Small-scale multi-family
 - Foster community
 - Throughout the City
- 3. Positions Newton for leadership
 - Visitability
 - Prioritize 2+ family homes

Streamline Access-Upgrade Approvals Process

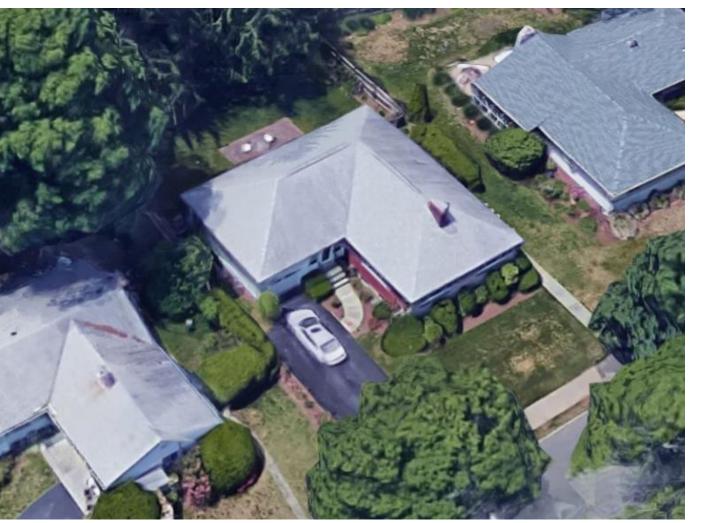
Typical age-friendly upgrades:

- Exterior ramps and lifts
- Expanded building footprint
- Bed/bath additions at floor-1
- Bring laundry out of basement
- Elevator additions
- Zero-step decks & landings
- Attached garages
- Grading prioritize ramps & paved walkways over stairs
- Shorter driveways



Support Access Upgrades

Protect Single-Level Homes & Neighborhoods



- Discourage tear-downs
- Designate "accessibility districts"
- Incentivize smaller house types



Enable Conversions of Single-Family Houses





- Ease restrictions around multi-unit conversions
- Allow multi-unit conversions in ALL house types

Increase housing opportunity near transit points



Sections 3.1.2 - 3.1.6 Residential districts: Allow multi-family in all districts within 1/2 mi of train stops, 1/4 mi of express bus stops.



Build Small Houses



- Smaller dimensional requirements
- Accessory apartments

2BR, 1 Bath, 910 SF 3 BR, 2 Bath, 1325 SF

RONT PORC

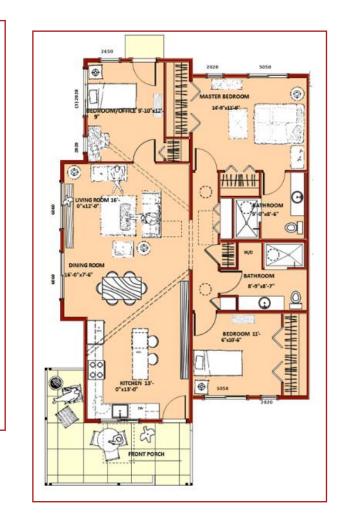
MASTER BEDROOM 11 9"x11'-6"

HAVING WANTA

BATH

BEDROOM/OFFICE 11'-9"x9'-6" LIVING ROOM 12'-9"x11'-6"

KITCHEN 12'-9"x11'-8"



Build Flats and Elevator Buildings



- Zoning needs to accommodate buildings large enough for elevators.
- Incentivize small and mid-size multi-unit housing

Ease Special Permit requirements for Multi-family housing

Convert Industrial Space



Utilize existing resources





Develop New Housing Prototypes



• Quads

- 5-10 unit buildings
- Small-scale multi-family
- Mid-market affordability



Position for Leadership

Incentivize Visitability

- 1. Accessible Entrances
- 2. Ground floor bathroom
- 3. Door/hall widths

Allow prominent ADU entranceways. Support grading/paving changes.



- Bollingbrook IL
- Austin TX
- Urbana IL
- Pima County, AZ
- Atlanta GA
- Tuscon AZ
- Vermont
- Maryland





Be Bold – de-prioritize single family homes

Oregon

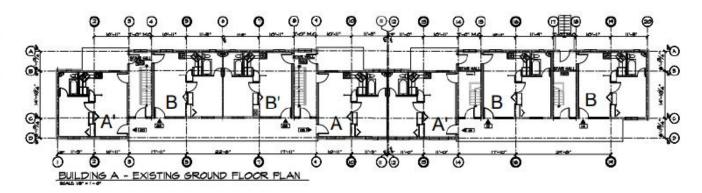
Oregon <u>H.B. 2001</u>, August 2019, requires that cities 25,000+ allow multifamily units on land previously limited to single-family homes.

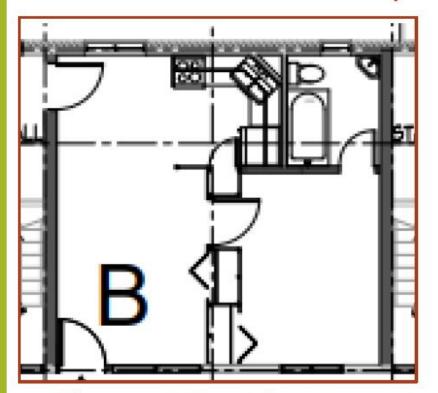
Cities of 10-25,000 must allow duplexes on sites previously designated for single-family use only.

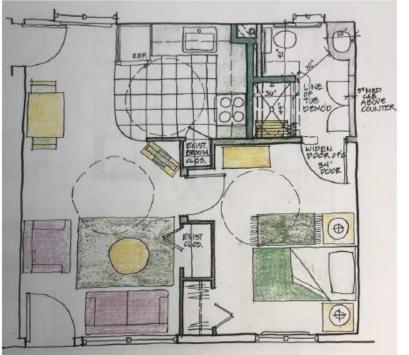
Minneapolis, MN

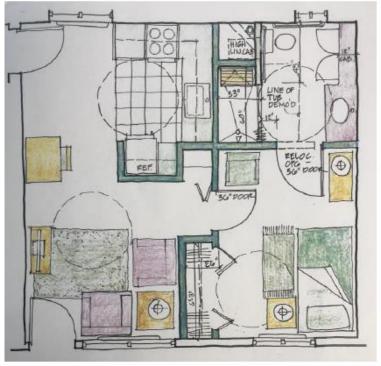
End single-family throughout the city.

Senior Housing Mod Assume everyone has disabilities. They do.









UD Consultant to Tise Design Associates, 2017

Pleasant Street Apartments Marlborough MA

Allyson General issues of aging



Make rear unit of 2-family accessible.





- Design generous safe landings
- Create sturdy level walking surfaces
- Add handrails







Peggy & Bob Progressive Hearing Loss

Maximize visibility



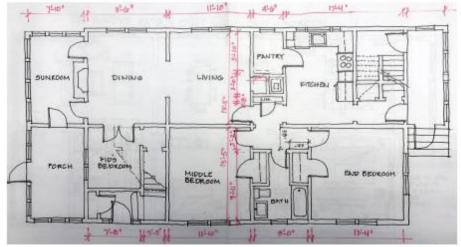


- Eliminate walls.
- Island kitchen.
- Coffered ceilings.
- Relocate and eliminate doorways.

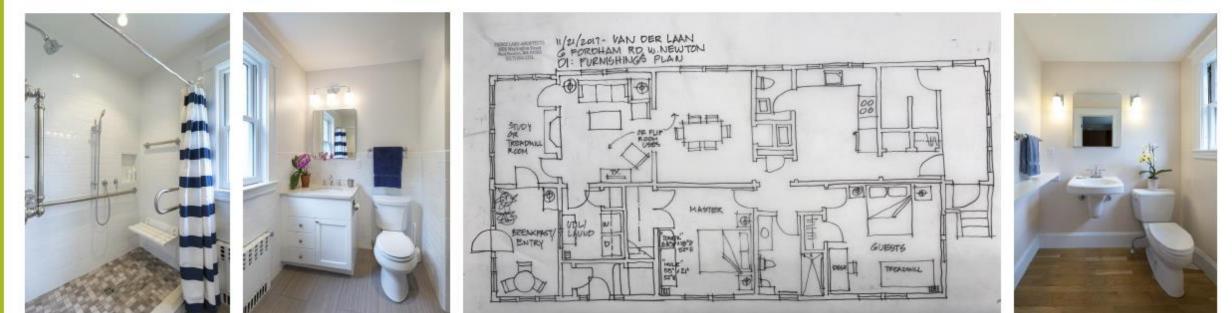
Carrie & Mark

Knee/shoulder/cardio impairments

Create responsive bathrooms & laundries.



Before

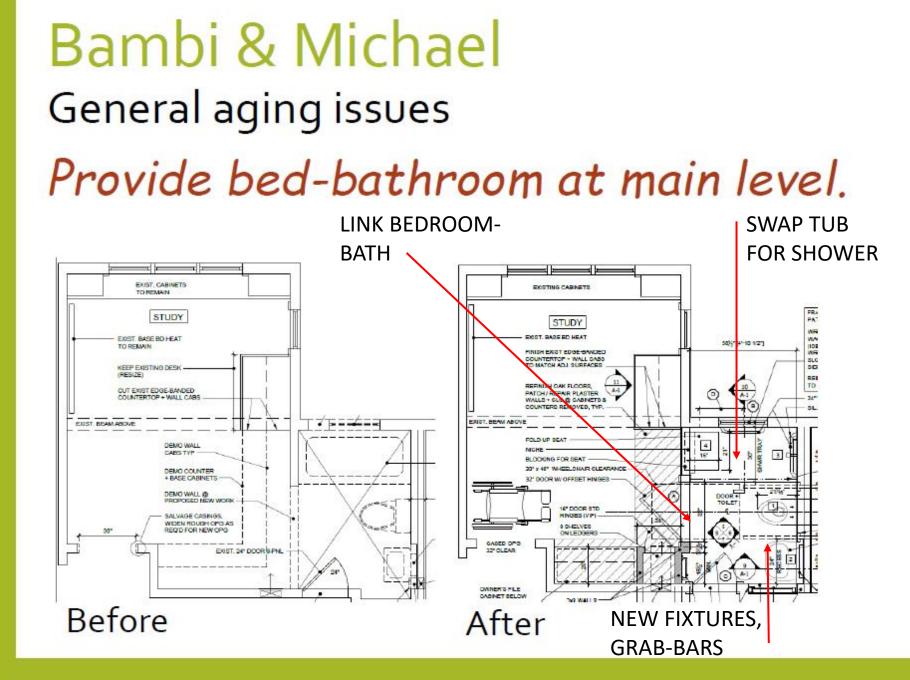


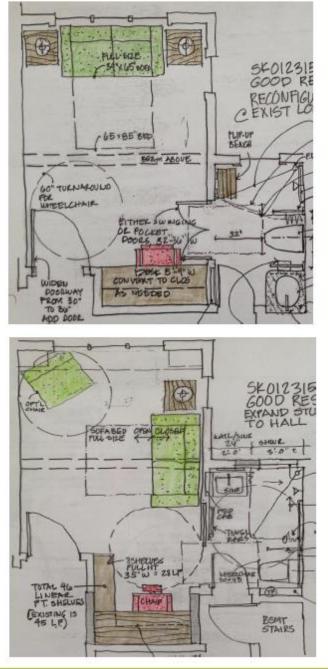
Deb & Steve General issues of aging

Create options for changing conditions









New England Center for Homeless Veterans Prioritize access, self-care, social/recreation uses.





Shelter & Transitional Housing

UD Consultant to Tise Design Associates 2016







Apartment Prototypes