

Zoning & Planning Committee Report

City of Newton In City Council

Monday, May 24, 2021

Present: Councilors Crossley (Chair), Leary, Wright, Krintzman, Danberg, Baker, Albright and Ryan

Also Present: Councilors Laredo, Kelley, Downs, Bowman, Lucas and Greenberg

City Staff: Jonathan Yeo, Chief Operating Officer; Jen Caira, Deputy Director, Nevena Pilipovic-Wengler, Community Engagement Planner, Zach LeMel, Chief of Long Range Planning, Barney Heath, Director Planning & Development Department

Others Present: NewTV

Utile Consultants: Timothy Love, Lisa Hollywood and Will Cohen

Planning Board: Peter Doeringer (Chair), Kevin McCormick, Chris Steele, Sonia Parisca and Barney

Heath

#88-20 Discussion and review relative to the draft Zoning Ordinance

<u>DIRECTOR OF PLANNING</u> requesting review, discussion, and direction relative to

the draft Zoning Ordinance.

Zoning & Planning Held on 01/27/20, 02/10/2020, 02/24/2020, 03/09/2020, 03/23/2020, 04/13/2020, 04/27/2020, 05/19//2020, 06/01/2020, 06/15/2020, 06/29/2020, 07/09/2020, 07/16/2020, 08/13/2020, 09/14/2020, 10/01/2020,

10/15/2020, 11/05/2020, 11/09/2020, 12/14/20, 02/22/21, 03/08/21

Action: ZONING & PLANNING HELD 8-0

Note: Chair Crossley stated that tonight's discussion will focus on Village Center Districts. Planning Department staff and members of the planning and architecture firm, *Utile*, who are consulting on Newton's zoning reform effort will join us. Utile will share some of their preliminary quantitative research and plans for continued work to assess village centers in Newton. We will also review the community engagement materials that will be distributed throughout the City to a variety of groups, the scope of the outreach effort and how we can be more directly and positively involved in our respective communities.

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Utile Consultants Timothy Love, Lisa Hollywood and Will Cohen provided a detailed PowerPoint presentation (attached). The PowerPoint includes an agenda, village center characteristics, where and what are village centers, comprehensive plan Land Use working group 2004, Pattern Book 2018, draft zoning proposal 2018, summary of previous studies, what are the mix of uses in village centers, land uses, arts, historic, existing uses in village centers and green line ridership.

Utile consultants shared and discussed their initial desktop research on village centers across the City. Utile has completed some analysis of the mix of uses and village centers which is an important issue for us. We are going to be talking about how village centers are accessed either by driving or by transit and this is all going to be accompanied by some initial data analysis that we have done spatial data analysis to kind of get at some of these issues.

Utile provided two discussion questions for Committee members

- 1) Do you agree with the hypothesis that village centers are predominantly defined by their mix of uses? What mix of uses do you think support and create healthy village centers?
- 2) What do you think about using the twelve village centers identified in all previous studies as a starting point for analysis?

Committee members comments, suggestions, questions and answers:

After completing the analysis, is it the right mix of uses or do do we want other mixes and change the zoning ordinance? Mixed uses do not necessarily talk about the ownership or patterns of the uses. In village centers there are different mix of uses. What are the decisions that lead them to choose to take a tenant or not? Large shopping centers, try and provide a mix of uses that are complimentary with anchor tenants. How you come back with those answers may lead you to a very different land use decision making process. Mr. Love answered that they had a discussion along similar lines with the EDC. One of the outcomes of this might also be an economic development plan for the City to complement what land use can do, that might be more proactive look at attracting businesses. A retail entrepreneurship program encourages promising startups to try their retail concepts. There is a range of things that are not just about land use, outreach and engagement the City is doing. You asked what is the point of the analysis? We may need to encourage professional offices, co working spaces and retail spaces as a use, because that drives weekday customers that allow the businesses that commuters rely on and succeed. Mr. Cohen answered that whenever it comes to this idea of chains versus whatever is how we made the determination. We must think through what we want to figure out how we specify the right land use way.

In the PowerPoint, the professional, scientific and technical services is 1½ times larger than the retail trade. What we desire will take time. To look at the city as a whole and look at each village and how their makeup is, I think you will see it very differently than what it is here as a whole. Mr. Love answered that this is just 13 villages, it is not the City as a whole. What we will do next is combine a couple of bubbles when it is figured out. We try to make a fingerprint of

each of the centers, because that will assist us anecdotally what separates one village from the other.

What is defined as a village center, is it a five-minute walk? How did you define village centers with these uses? Mr. Love answered that it is not a five-minute walk. These are tight boundaries, using the definitions from the pattern book excluding residential uses at some point we have to put a bound on it. We will bring it to a ten-minute walk, by analyzing the number of people, the number of households in a ten-minute walk. The relative population of a ten-minute walk and transit count is much lower. We will look for correlations between those three things to determine how those three issues overlap suggesting where we want to go

Are the maps and charts to scale? Mr. Love answered yes.

The purpose of doing the walk sheds is to determine the symbiotic relationship between residential and village centers. How does one feed the other? Mr. Love answered within a 10-minute radius how many households or people see that as a convenient place to go, versus getting in their car. That symbiotic relationship between that kind of walkable population and the mix of uses in the village center we think is related.

Village centers change overtime. Do you plan to do this kind of analysis for each village? In the future could we discuss mix uses that build a successful village working with landlords? Mr. Love answered yes, they will work on analysis for each village. We are having conversations with EDC to meet with experts and property owners to engage them and understand what our goals are. Perhaps there could be a future EDC action item to discuss mix uses with landlords.

Regarding the MBTA on/off data, is there scientific proof that the on/off balance and stops makes a difference on how village centers operate? Mr. Love answered that it indicates that there are schools or jobs that are worth getting off the "T" to go to versus stops where everybody is getting on and nobody is getting off and vice versa. If the infrastructure is there, for people to get off to support small professional offices that that could drive better retail choices. The City could market this opportunity with building owners or developers The goal of the MBTA is for every stop to be balanced.

Village centers are predominantly defined by their mix of uses. The mix of uses that we create in the in the village centers, defines how successful they are going to be. In the past 10 years, we have had a very different mix of uses than we had in the previous 30 years. For example, small hardware stores closed when Home Depot opened and that there were no longer any people living in units in the village centers because we did not have mixed use. The City did away with mixed use, in the 40s or 50s when we tore down the taller buildings and replace them with one story buildings.

Bronxville New York has small village centers with a proliferation of banks and financial institutions, because it is an affluent community and banks wanted a presence. The town

required banks, financial institutions, non-retail establishments and non-restaurants to go anywhere but the ground floor. There was a lot of pushback but in the end, they discovered that it was a great move for all.

Professional offices, banks, real estate offices, financial services, tax prep, personal care, family services, counseling, exercise, physicians and dentists belong anywhere but the first floor. Because what we want to do with our villages, is to get things on the first floor that can entertain people. You cannot browse in a dental office you cannot browse in a law office. These are services that people will gladly go to the second floor. Reserve the first floor for our restaurants, and retail because this is what is going to enliven the streets and have a browsing capability for pedestrians, make it pedestrian friendly and enliven the village in general.

I would like to see the City of Newton go back to what it was in the 60s, 70s and 80s in a mixed use way. One thing that drove people out was the price of rents and the leases. If we could get back to some sort of mixed use like, then when everything was available. Additional housing would also benefit village centers.

I define village centers as a mix of uses as one way, but I also think there is a certain economy of scale that goes with that mostly as a cluster of retail and commercial activities. I define mix uses as unique businesses that attract people to different villages, things that you can get that you just cannot get with delivery such as with Amazon. Those delivery trucks and local retailers are constantly driving through our neighborhoods, that is a big part of the problem. Walkability and the connection between transportation options and vibrant village centers is important to consider. When we talk about convenient parking, the more parking you have, the more cars you attract which does not make for a vibrant pedestrian friendly village option. What can we do to attract what we want?

Mr. Love answered that e commerce is the threat to and is the reason it is hard to go back in time to some of the things that have been cited. What is replaced the amenity retail stores is called food and beverage in the real estate industry, but it is restaurants, cafes etc. it is experiential things which is consistent with places that invite people to go in and browse. What trends are nationally would also be part of that but that probably should be upstairs as was pointed out. In the radical transformation of retail, what makes sense to fill in these spaces does not make sense anymore because you can order it online this should be the center of our focus here.

Part of the challenge of pedestrian access is what the weather and the climate is because what is walkable today is very different from what is walkable in February. Some village centers are a walk shed distance, you might walk to the nearest, but not to the farthest. Is the modeling you will propose analyze the time and space impacts?

We should focus on reimagining what we have now, because it may be a parking lot, or a street does not mean that is what we think it should stay. It is necessary to rethink and think out of the box when we start to do work on the zoning.

Councilors comments, suggestions, questions and answers:

We are dealing with a mixture of economic development, what kind of economic development do we want in our City for example, give rent discounts for a business starting up in a village center to attract hardware or ice-cream stores? Our task as a Council is to draft a zoning code that encourages but obviously cannot dictate what goes into these various village centers and so I think we need to be prescriptive to some degree, but not overly prescriptive because we do not know what 5, 10, 15, 20 years from now will hold. Council will not be rewriting the zoning code every 3, 4 or 5 years, that lack of predictability for owners and occupiers of space is not good. There is a real challenge. Our village centers are different, do we need different rules for each center? The City does not have a bulk of housing, housing disappeared 60 to 70 years ago. The reason we do not have those kinds of places in the village centers, is because except in a few places are not economically sustainable under our current model. It is not lack of customers. We should look at each village center differently, every one of them is built out, that does not mean we will not have that new construction. It is not because we want to treat different areas of the city differently, but because the built out structure there is different. I did not hear anything in the discussion so far about the effect that COVID-19 is going to have on the types of businesses in our community. COVID-19 is having a profound effect on how professional services providers are thinking of their office space. The number offices are going to decrease in the footprint for them is good decrease dramatically as we craft these rules, what will that look like. Regarding co-workers' spaces, are not doing well right now, reason being that model may not be the model of the future. Co-working space is a great concept and has potential to add to the vitality of our village centers. There are going to be some advantages to co- working but the advantage of being able to work from home is just that you work from home with no rent. Regarding the "T" in Newton Centre, you showed 100 people in total getting on and 100 or so people getting off at the peak hours. How much is that contributing to the vibrancy of the village center, compared to the total number of people who work there or are within a 10 minute walk? We will unlikely get a major grocery store in the village center, economically it does not work for them. I define a village center as a place that you can get to by a variety of transit modes, has a variety of restaurants, stores and service business that will attract you to come there. I do not view our village centers as destinations for people outside of Newton but that is not likely to be the best use of our village center space.

Chair Crossley stated that the effect of COVID-19 on how we go to work in the future, Mr. Love, I know this is all very preliminary, but I heard your interest in analyzing the potential impact of co-working space and village centers which we have done some work on through our special permit process. We do not have a robust co-working model anywhere in the city. Mr. Cohen answered that co-working is not a guarantee that it is the right fit, it is just part of the list. There are a fair number of co-working spaces in the metro area we call boutique co-working

spaces, things that given the ecosystem in Cambridge, Somerville or wherever its sort of a means for small businesses to get together. Mr. Love answered that there are a couple of coworking startups that are looking at the suburban market and a more disaggregated less as a real estate play. It is true that outdoor dining is here to stay. The amount of sidewalk space adjacent to existing restaurants, future strategies for development with active granular uses is something that we are also going to want to look. It is an issue we are keenly aware of. How people will work in the future, and how much exterior space, restaurants and cafes need are the two internal discussions that we have had.

Chair Crossley could expand a tiny bit on what goes to the mix of uses, but every village center certainly can't support a grocery store, but what I think I'm hearing is that you intend to analyze each village center and you're looking at it in terms of what can that village center support, versus what do we want it to be able to support and what do we need, what do we need to be able to do in order to get what we want, or more of what we want. There are some large grocery stores, walkable to a couple of village centers, and then some smaller ones in other places. but it is not always in a village center. Mr. Love answered this must be part and parcel with an economic development strategy that might seek out businesses that are in alignment with the vision for the village centers that emerge with data to back it up by doing outreach to find out if there are any venture capitalists looking at co-working spaces in the Boston area, it might be an invitation from Newton to come try one here because of the data we have about on or off of "T" and the other mix of uses. We will continue to speculate about these things as we are also addressing our core mission to help guide decisions about land use and zoning.

I would define village centers to include houses because they are part of a village center. Have we identified the right components of village centers? It appears the connections, from what is happening close to the "T", the vast commercial center and what the opportunity is to sort of better connect those spaces because it is one of the most livable places in the City. Will we get to the point of analysis to better understand 15 or 20-minute neighborhood for Newton and if we can use this to identify businesses and uses that will be beneficial in various village centers.

COVID-19 taught us how much further we can walk, and how close things are in Newton. A safe connection is key if we are going to have spaces that are welcoming and attract people without being surrounded by parking lots. How does the mix of businesses and institutions fit with zoning? Village centers that work, meet a variety of needs and do so within a very short commute of housing. I suggest that you think about those needs with daily, weekly or monthly paradigm of what which will provide a better sense of what needs to be within that walking distance to make that neighborhood truly a 15 or 20 minute walk. Mr. Love answered that we have set 10 minutes as a starting point for our analysis. I think about other modes and how those intersect with this is going to be important. The public realm and qualitatively what that walk is like is important to consider. The question about why this points to zoning is precisely the uses that are going to be allowed the parking ratios that are required and what happens on the first and second floor is a clear message through the zoning what the expectations are here is going to be important to think about.

Planning Board members comments, suggestions, questions and answers:

Have you considered adding to the analysis and exploration of the existing or not of the central space? The core of the center villages could be a plaza, or Boulevard. Some towns do not have this central space, a place where you can go not to shop, but to walk to see other people. Uses and retail is changing, and office space demand is decreasing. What will not decrease is face to face meetings. Mr. Love answered is there through streetscape projects and lane diets is there a complimentary study of areas where pedestrian, the public realm can be captured that is consistent with the visions of the delivery centers. We have discussed relative to COVID and the expectations of restaurants and cafes to use outdoor space across three seasons and more aggressively even as part of their business plan to augment the number of seats that they have.

Utiles presentation is impressive and their moving approach from anecdotes to data.

Nevena Pilipovic-Wengler, Community Engagement Planner and Zach LeMel, Chief of Long Range Planning provided a detailed PowerPoint (attached). The PowerPoint included purpose of engagement, engagement efforts, timeline, vision kit, vision kit companion, images, table of past City strategies, goals, actions, objective for village centers, history of village centers, polis survey, focus groups, outreach, EDC engagement, on the spot surveying and how Councilors can help increase participation. Planning staff presented the detailed community engagement efforts that will take place over the next several months, with a specific focus on how the Newton community can provide input through the multiple options.

Committee members comments, suggestions, questions and answers:

Involving people in conversation requires some sense of what the end in mind of that conversation will be. Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler answered that in December, she received feedback on where and how these goals decided were decided. It is important to hear from community members on what kinds of visions they want to lead our assessment of how we engage with the zoning ordinance for the village centers. It is an opportunity to collect qualitative information and make sure we are not losing sight of the human element of how people want their village centers to both remain the same in future years, as well as shift and change to accommodate visions for the future as we investigate technical and policy analysis.

Some Historical neighborhood associations are missing including the Chestnut Hill Association, Lower Falls Improvement Association and different neighborhood groups have been active in the City for years. It is important that the general interest be represented in this conversation. Those who will be affected by these decisions must be included in the process. Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler answered that Lower Falls is included and agrees that the other neighborhood associations be included and agrees that it will be essential to engage.

When you work with the EDC, perhaps the Newton-Needham Chamber of Commerce can help connect to businesses. Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler answered that a member recently reached out to her.

Have you reached out to the PTO's? Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler answered that she has reached out to the multiple PTO listservs that exist including the newsletter, PTOs for the respective schools, PTOs that are focused on families with children with disabilities their contact names are included in the presentation. The PTOs have informed me that they are going to be quiet with their activity because it is the onset of the summer. Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler has also contacted Safe Routes to School, Green School connections, Forge school teams and several METCO social workers.

Would it be possible to write about the vision kit and polis survey requesting every PTO to put it in their newsletter? Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler answered that this has been done for the information session and will be doing it again with updated facts.

Thank you for involving different groups that are usually not brought into the mix, we need to reach out to these groups. The LGBTQ+ community can tell you about places they will want to go in Newton and places that they will want to go and people with disabilities that feel they have not got the right access.

Councilors comments, suggestions, questions and answers:

Because we value being a community that is trying to welcome families with younger children. It is important to reach out to families with younger children including 5-8 and 9-12 years.

Will the Planning Department hold virtual office hours this summer, as they did last summer? Mr. Heath answered that holding virtual office hours was very staff intensive and is uncertain if that will take place this summer due to this engagement undertaking which will involve all staff.

What makes you think LGBTQ+ people want something different from zoning that straight people, because you do call them out? Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler answered that she does not assign what people want based on their identities. I am not assuming that because people are identified as LGBTQ+ that necessarily means they want anything different or unique in the village centers. Part of the purpose of these focus groups is to do targeted outreach. For example, focus groups are highly recommended by the Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC) to get more engagement of marginalized identities. LGBTQ+ people are one of those marginalized identities. We wanted to have that focus group. In terms of engaging with business centers, there is a lack and this is not just for new in this is overall in the US also have LGBTQ+ owned and managed businesses that make it feel safe for people to use so it felt relevant and important space to be able to ask how those village centers can be used by people who do not identify as straight.

Planning Board members comments, suggestions, questions and answers:

The role of the mixed methods collection of quantitative information from the community engagement surveys, focus groups visioning exercises and the long term look at the how the villages evolved historically is useful. The focus groups for the business community engagement process are only listed on the website as being organized for real estate brokers, consultants, mixed use and small scale commercial developers. It would be beneficial to for business owners to provide their thoughts on the process.

Is there a way for similar focus groups might be organized for the business and property owners which are also a target group for business engagement? Mr. LeMel answered that we are hoping to connect with business owners and property owners through a targeted survey on why they chose to locate in a village center and what are the benefits. Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler added that this suggestion will be raised with the EDC. We thought we were going to access people through relationships and individual phone calls, the approach we wanted to take but is more labor extensive. We have decided to allocate our energy to hosting focus groups.

It is hopeful that business owners will also be asked what they see as their problems and possible solutions.

Maybe create a separate vision kit for local businesses.

Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler answered that she will take these suggestions to the next EDC meeting.

Chair Crossley thanked Utile, Ms. Pilipovic-Wengler and planning staff for a tremendous job reaching out to a huge number of people, individuals and organizations.

Without further discussion, Councilor Krintzman made a motion to hold this item. Committee members agreed 8-0.

At approximately 9:30 p.m. the Committee adjourned.

Respectfully Submitted,

Deborah J. Crossley, Chair

5/24/2021 #88-20

City of Newton
Zoning & Planning Committee

Village Center Rezoning: Phase 1 Initial Citywide Analysis

Agenda

- 1. Where and what are Village Centers?
- 2. What are the mix of uses in Village Centers?
- 3. How are Village Centers accessed?
- 4. Next Steps & Discussion
- 5. Engagement Update (Department of Planning & Development)

Village Center Characteristics: A Mix of Uses



served by public transit



community gathering spaces



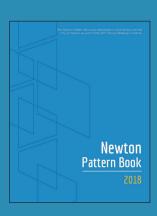
smaller / local retail and office

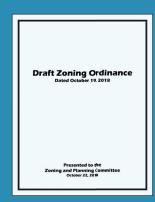


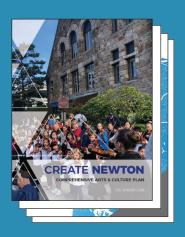
pedestrian friendly

Where and what are Village Centers?

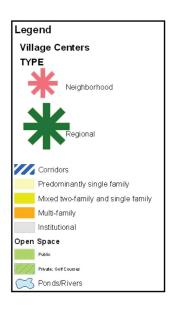


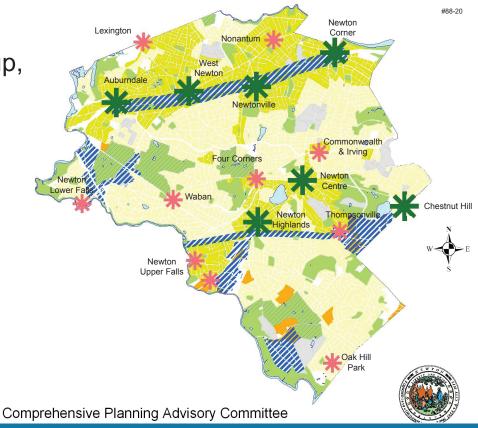






Comprehensive Plan Land Use Working Group, 2004





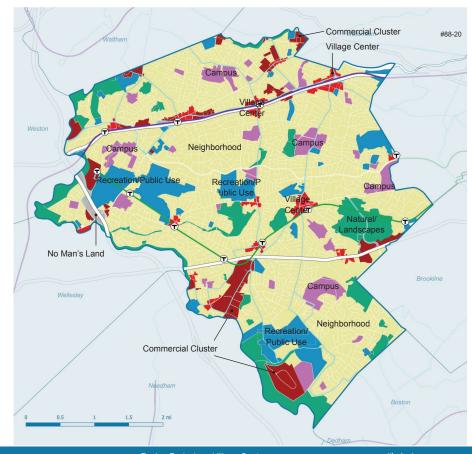
Pattern Book, 2018

6 Character Patterns

- Village Center
- Commercial Cluster
- Campus
- No Man's Land
- Natural / Landscapes
 - Recreation / Public Use
- Neighborhood

Village Centers are Newton's primary mixed-use areas serving commercial and retail hearts of the city. Characteristics:

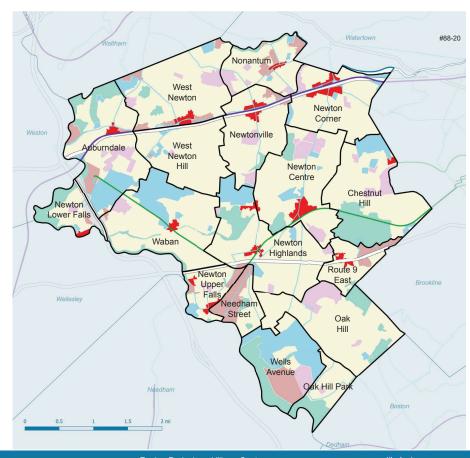
- smaller retail owned by local and regional operators
- pedestrian-oriented
- places for community to gather, socialize, and shop
- many are accessible by at least one form of public transit



Pattern Book, 2018

17 Context-Based Areas serve as a unit of geographic analysis.

CBAs are based on villages, which are often defined by one village center that gives identity to the surrounding residential neighborhood.



Pattern Book, 2018

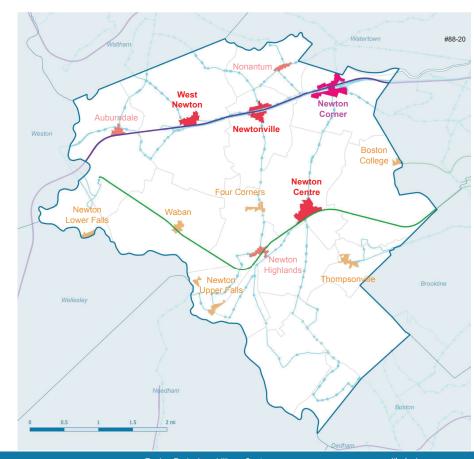
13 Village Centers, 4 Subsets:

Convenience Center

Neighborhood Center

Town Center

Gateway Center



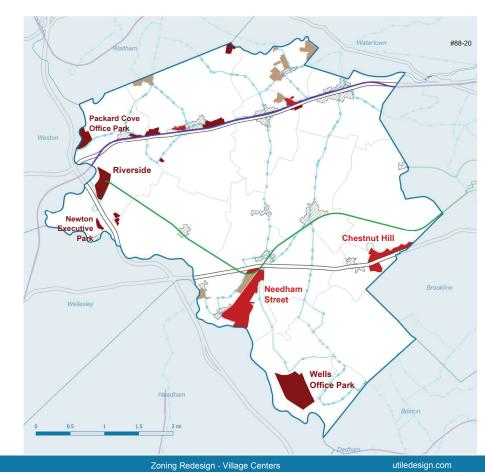
Pattern Book, 2018

24 Commercial Clusters, 3 Subsets:

- **Employment Cluster**
- Retail Cluster
- Legacy Industrial Cluster
- Village Centers

Commercial Clusters are areas dominated by one primary commercial use, typically serving a regional population. Characteristics:

- large employers
- large retailers
- auto-oriented



Draft Zoning Proposal, 2018

Campus / Institutional

Fabrication

Neighborhood General

Non-Contextual Multi-Unit Resi

Office

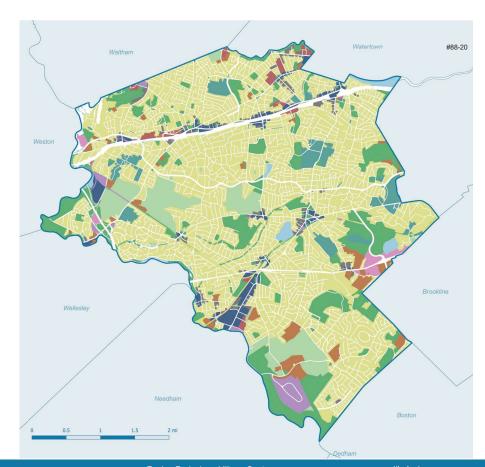
Public Use

Residence Districts

Recreation

Regional Retail

Village Districts

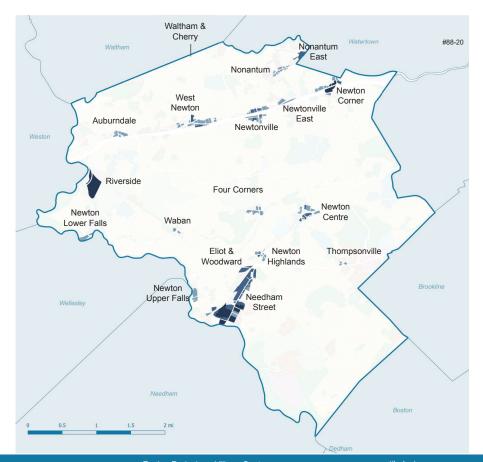


Draft Zoning Proposal, 2018

Village District 1

Village District 2

Village District 3



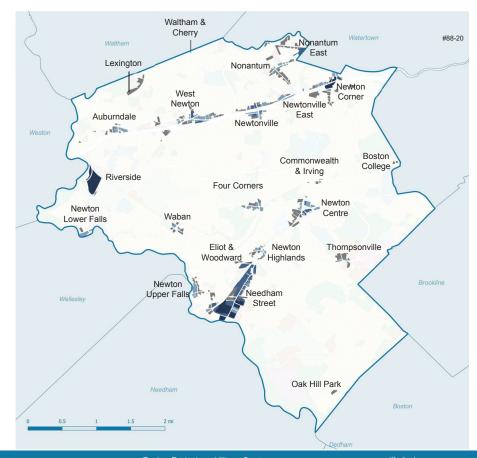
Draft Zoning Proposal, 2018

Village District 1

Village District 2

Village District 3

Neighborhood General



Summary of Previous Studies

Comp. Plan LU Working Group, 2004		Pattern Book, 2018		Draft Zoning Proposal, 2018		
	Newton Corner Newtonville West Newton Newton Centre Newton Highlands Auburndale Chestnut Hill	Gateway	Newton Corner	Village Center 3 (and includes VC2 and VC1 and NG)	Newton Corner Riverside Needham Street (south)	
Regional		Town	Newtonville West Newton Newton Centre	Village Center 2 (and includes VC1 and NG)	Newtonville West Newton Newton Centre Newton Highlands Nonantum Needham Street (north) Eliot & Woodward East of Nonantum	
Neighborhood	Nonantun Thompsonville Waban Four Corners Newton Upper Falls Newton Lower Falls Oak Hill Park Lexington Commonwealth & Irving	Neighborhood	Nonantum Auburndale Newton Highlands	Village Center 1 (and included NG)	Auburndale Thompsonville Waban Four Corners Newton Upper Falls Newton Lower Falls Waltham & Cherry East of West Newton East of Newtonville	
		Convenience	Thompsonville Waban Four Corners Newton Upper Falls Newton Lower Falls Boston College	Neighborhood General	Boston College Oak Hill Park Commonwealth & Irving Lexington Nonantum & Charles West of West Newton	

Black = consistent 3 out of 3 previous studies

Dark blue = consistent in 2 out of 3 previous studies

Light blue = consistent in 1 out of 3 previous studies

Summary of Previous Studies

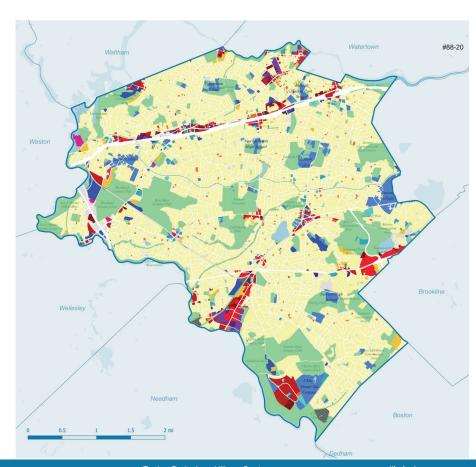
Village Centers in all previous studies:

- 1. Auburndale
- 2. West Newton
- 3. Newtonville
- 4. Nonantum
- 5. Newton Corner
- 6. Newton Lower Falls
- 7. Waban
- 8. Four Corners
- 9. Newton Centre
- 10. Newton Highlands
- 11. Newton Upper Falls
- 12. Thompsonville



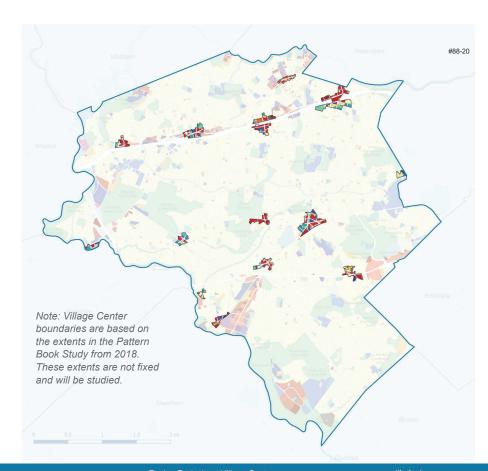
Land Uses

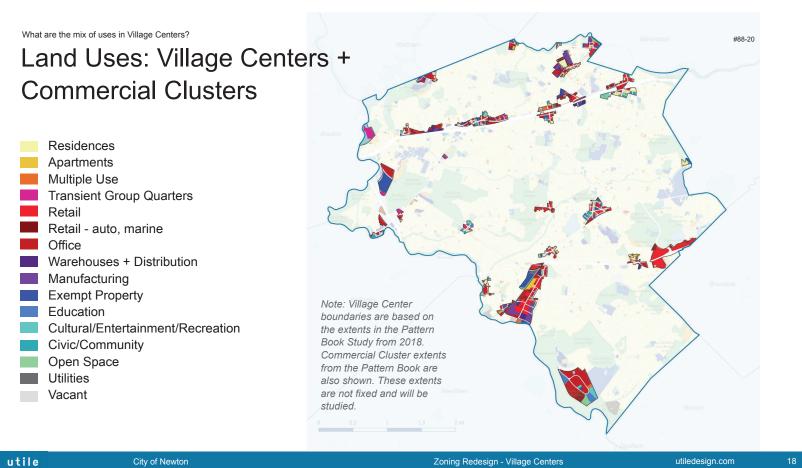
- Residences
- Apartments
- Multiple Use
- Transient Group Quarters
- Retail
- Retail auto, marine
- Office
- Warehouses + Distribution
- Manufacturing
- Exempt Property
- Education
- Cultural/Entertainment/Recreation
- Civic/Community
- Open Space
- Utilities
- Vacant



Land Uses: Village Centers

- Residences
- Apartments
- Multiple Use
- Transient Group Quarters
- Retail
- Retail auto, marine
- Office
- Warehouses + Distribution
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Land Uses

Village Centers & **Commercial Clusters**

Residences

Apartments

Multiple Use

Transient Group Quarters

Retail

Retail - auto, marine

Office

Warehouses + Distribution

Manufacturing

Exempt Property Education

Cultural/Entertainment/Rec

Civic/Community

Open Space

Utilities

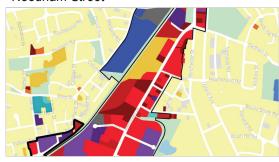
Vacant

□ Commercial Clusters*

Newton Centre



Needham Street

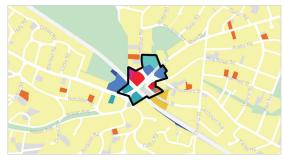


#88-20

West Newton



Waban



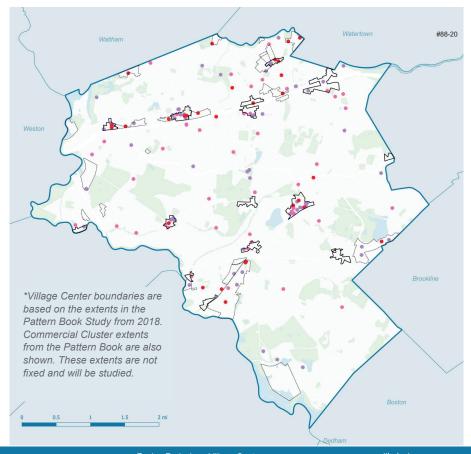
*Village Center boundaries are based on the extents in the Pattern Book Study from 2018. Commercial Cluster extents from the Pattern Book are also shown. These extents are not fixed and will be studied.

Arts & Culture

Arts & Culture

- Venues
- Arts Organizations
- Creative Businesses
- ☐ Commercial Clusters*





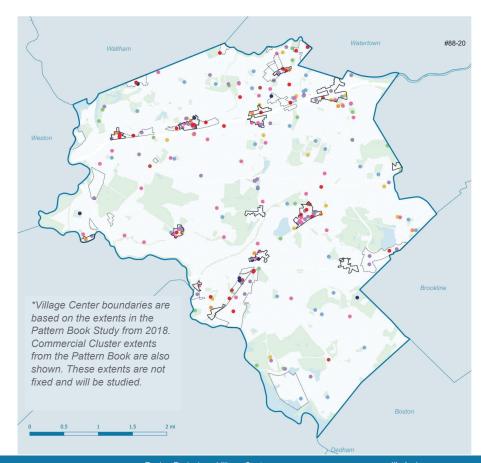
Arts, Civic, and Community Uses

Arts & Culture

- Venues
- Arts Organizations
- Creative Businesses

Civic & Community

- Municipal
- Library
- Recreation
- Police
- Fire Station
- Schools
- Post Office
- Religious Institutions
- ☐ Commercial Clusters*



Arts, Civic, and Community Uses

Arts & Culture

- Venues
- Arts Organizations
- Creative Businesses

Civic & Community

- Municipal
- Library
- Recreation
- Police
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- Schools
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- ☐ Commercial Clusters*

*Village Center boundaries are based on the extents in the Pattern Book Study from 2018. Commercial Cluster extents from the Pattern Book are also shown. These extents are not fixed and will be studied.

Newton Centre

Park No. Down St. Othors St. Otho

Needham Street



#88-20

West Newton

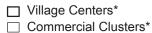


Waban



Historic







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Newton Centre



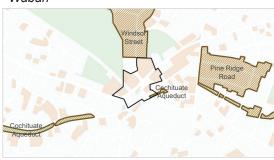
Needham Street



West Newton



Waban

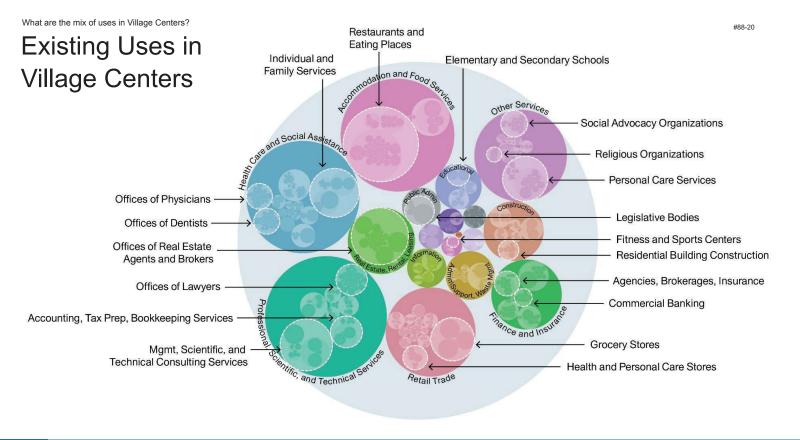


At a glance: Existing uses in village centers

Convenience / Amenity Retail	Social and Professional Services	Civic / Community	Food, Beverage, Entertainment	Commercial Office	Residential	Boutique Manufacturing
Small-scale grocery store	Language and test prep	Branch library	Local eateries	Office space	Multifamily residential	Small-batch
Convenience store	schools	Post office	Chain restaurant		Single-family residential	manufacturing
Pharmacy	Tax preparation	Religious institution	Cafe			
Bank/ATM	Realtor	Fire station	Ice cream store			
Fast Food	Insurance company	Police station	Cinema			
Hardware store	Professional offices	Schools				
Florist	(dentist, insurance etc)	Community centers				
Local specialty store	Barber and hairdresser	Parks / plazas				
Chain retail store	Nail salons	Open space				
Auto service	Gym					

At a glance: Emerging 21st century uses in village centers

Convenience / Amenity Retail	Social and Professional Services	Civic / Community	Food, Beverage, Entertainment	Commercial Office	Residential	Boutique Manufacturing
Small-scale grocery store	Language and test prep	Branch library	Local eateries	Office space	Multifamily residential	Small-batch
Convenience store	schools	Post office	Chain restaurant	Co-working space	Single-family residential	manufacturing
Pharmacy	Tax preparation	Religious institution	Cafe			Maker space / after
Bank/ATM	Realtor	Fire station	Ice cream store			school programs
Fast Food	Insurance company	Police station	Cinema			Ceramics studio
Hardware store	Professional offices	Schools	Local pop-up			Small-batch food &
Florist	(dentist, insurance etc)	Community centers	market/retail incubator			beverage production
Local specialty store	Barber and hairdresser	Parks / plazas				and catering
Chain retail store	Nail salons	Open space				
Auto service	Gym	Community kitchen				
Plant shop	Yoga Studio	Event space / bookstore				
	Dance and Music	Outdoor space for				
	Studios	markets and small				
	Bicycle repair/shop	festivals				
		Bike and car share				
		facilities				
		Daycare/Playground				

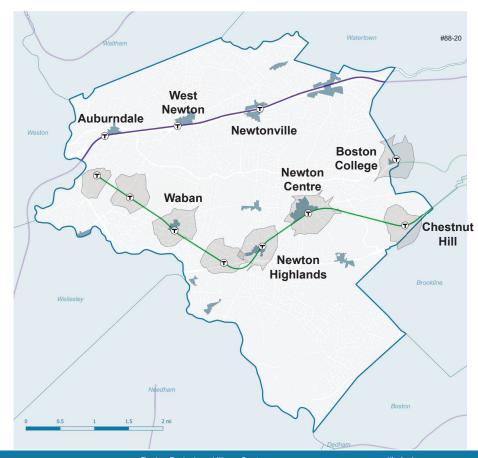




Green Line: Transit Walksheds

10 minute walk from the T stop

Note: Village Center boundaries are based on the extents in the Pattern Book Study from 2018. These extents are not fixed and will be studied.



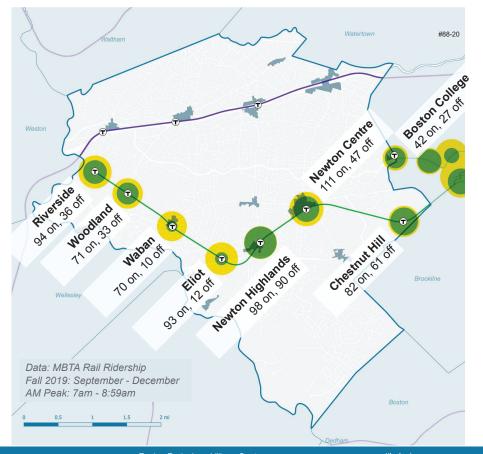
Green Line: Weekday AM Peak Ridership

Average ons

Average offs

Overlap between average ons and average offs

Note: Village Center boundaries are based on the extents in the Pattern Book Study from 2018. These extents are not fixed and will be studied.

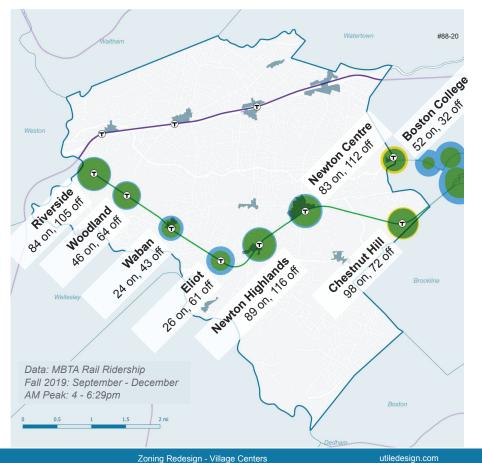


Green Line: Weekday PM Peak Ridership

Average ons

Average offsOverlap between average ons and average offs

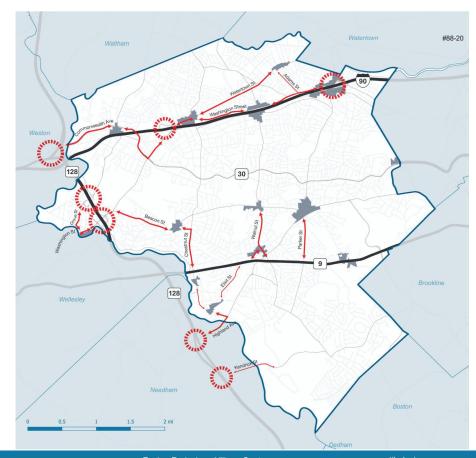
Note: Village Center boundaries are based on the extents in the Pattern Book Study from 2018. These extents are not fixed and will be studied.



Highway Access

Village Centers*Vehicular AccessHighway onramp / offramp

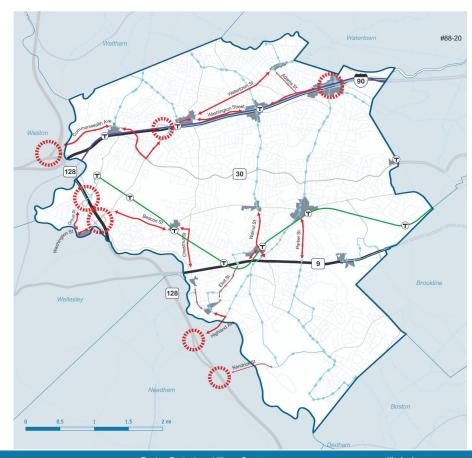
*Village Center boundaries are based on the extents in the Pattern Book Study from 2018. These extents are not fixed and will be studied.



Highway & Transit Access

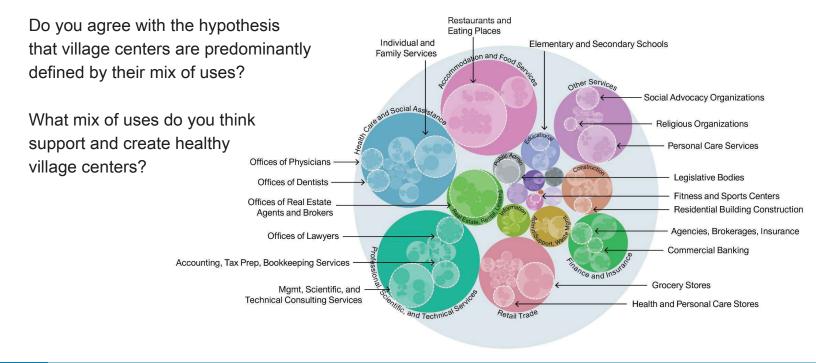
Village Centers* Vehicular Access Highway onramp / offramp

*Village Center boundaries are based on the extents in the Pattern Book Study from 2018. These extents are not fixed and will be studied.





Discussion Topic #1



Discussion Topic #2

What do you think about using the twelve village centers identified in all previous studies as a starting point for analysis?

Village Centers in all previous studies:

- 1. Auburndale
- 2. West Newton
- 3. Newtonville
- 4. Nonantum
- Newton Corner
- 6. Newton Lower Falls
- 7. Waban

11.

- 8. Four Corners
- 9. Newton Centre
- 10. Newton Highlands

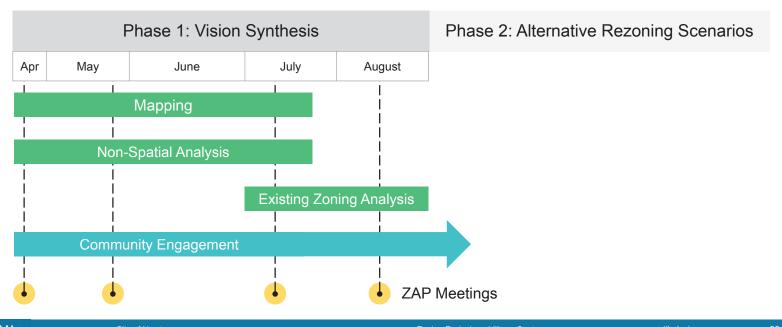
Newton Upper Falls

12. Thompsonville



Where we are in the process





Village Center Community Engagement

ZAP Presentation 5.24.21

Agenda

Introduction ⇒ Zoom In: Engagement Efforts ⇒ Discussion



Introduction

Purpose of Engagement: to hear community members' experiences of and visions for village centers to inform the areas of research that staff + Utile identify.

The qualitative information to compliment Utile and staff's quantitative analysis.



Introduction: Engagement Efforts

Vision Kit & Polis Survey

Self-Led Vision Kits

Community - Led Vision Kits

Equitable Focus Groups Economic Development Engagement

On-the-Spot Surveying

Introduction: Timeline - This Phase

*updated

MAY JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER OCTOBER NOVEMBER

Community Engagement to learn: Experiences of & Visions For Village Centers Compilation of Learnings & Presentations to ZAP and the Public

Introduction: Timeline - The Long Road

MAY - NOVEMBER 2021

FUTURE

Experiences of + visions for Village Centers Compilation of Learnings & Presentations to ZAP and the Public Continued engagement with the public:

City-wide events to review policy and technical proposals

Vision Kit

To activate ideas and collect community members' stories (written + visual)

Self-guided tour of any village center

Coming soon: Spanish, Chinese, Russian, text-only

Vision Kit for Newton's Village Centers

Instructions

- Step 2: Prepare! Invite neighbors & find a time to carry out the vision kit in person or virtually. Print the vision kit out, upload it on your phone, read it on your computer, or pick up copies from the Planning Department Office at City! All.
- Step 3: Explore with this Vision Kit: Do 1, 2 or more of the themes listed here! Take photos or draw!
- Step 4: Tell Us Your Story: Send in your photos and ideas as you complete the themes, either on your phone at tinyurl.com/NewtonPhotos, by emailing zoningredesign@newtonma.gov, or bring a hard copy to the Planning Department Office at City Hall. These will be shared on our Instagram and Facebook!
- Step 5: Optional: Learn more with the Vision Kit Companion: Read each theme's history facts, policy considerations, and the City of Newton's proposals for zoning download here

Themes

What's a Village Center?

s of a village center? Where does it begin and end? Why did you pick this one?

Economic

Development

Environment

Go to the stores and restaurants you often visit, or ones you are looking forward to revisiting when safe to do so. What do you prefer to buy in person versus online?

What businesses would you like to open up? you like to be able to work in a village center

For questions or help, contact zoningredesign@newtonma.gov Learn more at newtonma.gov/zoningredesign



What types of housing do you envision in you village center in the future?

Inclusive, Diverse + Welcoming Spaces

Find a part of a village center t welcoming and safe for you and your identiti What makes it feel inclusive? Examples include community centers, non-profits, places of we

Arts + Culture



engages you. Examples include art (statue, mural, painting) or an area that is used for a pop-up, temporary event or creative activities (outdoor market, concert, parade).

How are village centers currently encouraging creative practices? What would a more 'creative village center look and feel like?



What would a fully accessible village center look and feel like?

Transportation



How will you get to and from your village center in the future? What will be the most visible transportation features in your village center? Parking for cars? Bike lanes? A public transit station?

Anything Else?

Share Images & Ideas @ Contact zoningredesign@newtonma.gov tinyurl.com/NewtonPhotos Access material at newtonma.gov/zoningredesign

Step 1: Pick the village center you want to focus on with the Vision Kit



Image From Welcoming Newton +
Newton Neighbors Helping Neighbors

Step 2: Prepare!

- Invite neighbors & pick a time to do this in person or virtually
- Get the Vision Kit:
 - Print it out
 - Use on your computer
 - On your phone
 - Pick up copies from the Planning Department Office at City Hall



Themes

What's a Village#88e20

What are the defining features of a village center? Where does it begin and end? Why did you pick this one?





Environment



Find elements in your village center(s) that support a greener future.

What does the 'green future' of your vil lage center look like? Are there more places for things like walking and biking, trees and plants, rainwater collection, or solar panels?





Shopping, Eating & Working

Go to the stores and restaurants you often visit, or ones you are looking forward to revisiting when safe to do so. What do you prefer to buy in person versus online?

What businesses would you like to open up? Would you like to be able to work in a village center?





to submit just text

Step 3: Explore with the Vision Kit

Do 1, 2 or more of the themes listed in the Kit

Housing

Go to one of your village center public transit stops and observe what kind of housing you see. Find a multi-family building (3 or more units). If you don't see any, find one in/around your village center. Guess what year the building was constructed.

What types of housing do you envision in your village center in the future?

Inclusive, Diverse



Find a part of a village center that feels most welcoming and safe for you and your identities. What makes it feel inclusive? Examples include community centers, non-profits, places of worship, a place where your language is spoken, where you see and interact with people who share your identity, places that are age-friendly.

How could your future village center welcome people of all ages, genders, races, socioeconomic statuses, sexualities, and more backgrounds?

Arts + Culture



Find a place in a village center that creatively engages you. Examples include art (statue, mural, painting) or an area that is used for a pop-up, temporary event or creative activities (outdoor market, concert, parade).

Accessibility ...



Find a place in your village center that feels most accessible for you, and a place that feels least accessible. This can be considered physically (abilities to physically move, see, hear, speak and more) as well as emotionally & in terms of senses (noise, smell, how calm a place feels, or access to public furniture).

What would a fully accessible village center look and feel like?

Transportation



How do you get to your village center (walk, bike, public transit, car)? Is there infrastructure that makes this safe and easy, like sidewalks/ crosswalks, bike lanes/racks, sheltered transit stops, parking (lots/garage/on-street)? How do you move through your village center? Are there any alleyways or cut-throughs that break up the different spaces?

How will you get to and from your village center in the future? What will be the most visible transportation features in your village center? Parking for cars? Bike lanes? A public transit station?

Anything Else?

Take a photo of, draw or imagine anything else that feels important to you about the village center(s).

Step 4: Tell Us Your Stories!

Take photos or draw as you go through the themes. Send in your visuals and ideas:

- Email worksheet (coming soon)
 to zoningredesign@newtonma.gov
 or drop off a hard copy at City
 Hall
- Submit to
 tinyurl.com/NewtonPhotos





@NewtonPlanning



@Newton Planning
and Development

Step 4: Tell Us Your Stories (example)

Theme:

Shopping, Eating + Working

Village Center: Newton Centre

Description:

The shared dining space means that my family and friends can each get food from their favorite restaurant (or bring it from home if they are picky) and we can all share a meal together and bring our dog, too!



Newton Alfresco Source: Jenn Martin

Zoom In: Vision Kit Companion Coming Soon

Optional: Learn more with the Vision Kit Companion + Staff Presentation on Village Center History

- Images/graphics and history/policy considerations for each theme
- Table of past City strategies/goals and actions/objectives for village centers
- Staff presentation that explores the history of village centers

Images/graphics and history/policy considerations fo^{#8}e²⁰ch theme (example)

Transportation



Blue Bikes / Newton Corner

Housing



Live-Work Building / Newton Highlands

Table of past City strategies/goals and actions/objectives for village centers (example)

Environment		
Strategy/Goal	Action/Objective	Document
Work with City Council to adopt Zoning Ordinance amendments that require and/or incentivize high-efficiency performance, such as Passive House and/or net-zero new construction.	Work with the City Council to adopt Zoning Ordinances that encourage additional, appropriate low-carbon housing near public transportation.	Climate Action Plan (2019)
Arts and Culture		
Build dynamic and varied cultural spaces.	Support arts and creative uses in designated commercial areas through zoning.	

Staff presentation that explores the history of village #88-20 centers (example)

River Mill Villages

18th-Early 19th Century Villages

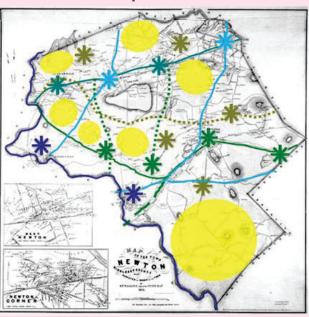
1840s-1870s Railroad Villages

1880s-1920s Railroad Suburbs

1890s-1930s Streetcar Suburb

More auto-dependent suburban development fills in around village centers

Newton Development Periods



Map of Newton / 1855

Polis Survey

Online interactive community discussion board

Zoom In: Polis Survey

https://pol.is/4vfmwwzdds

*Language accessible



Newton Village Centers

You'll see statements written by other participants. Start by reading and voting on those statements. For each statement, you can Agree, Disagree, or Pass. You might decide to pass, for example, because a statement is vague or confusing, or it does not apply to you, or maybe the statement makes more than one point and you don't agree with all of it.

After you've voted on several statements, you should add your own if you didn't see your point of view represented. To add your own statement, click in the field underneath the conversation, type your statement, and then click Submit.

You can see a report about all votes and comments submitted so far at https://pol.is/report/r8aupmcmvjppbyydmuemk.

Welcome to a new kind of conversation - vote on other people's statements.

4 remaining The current mix of businesses in the village centers is good for the community.



Are your perspectives or experiences missing from the conversation? If so, add them in the box below.

Focus Groups

Striving for Equitable Community Engagement

Facilitated conversation, using the Vision Kit as an agenda

Zoom In: Focus Groups

```
Younger People (Ages 15-24) + Youth Commission

Younger People (Ages 25-35)

People with Disabilities + Commission on Disability

Black, Indigenous & People of Color + Human Rights Commission

Renters +NHA +NCDF +More

LGBTQ+ + Human Rights Commission

Older Adults (Ages 65+) + Council on Aging

Creative Communities + Cultural Development of the Parks,

Recreation & Culture Department
```

Dates TBD

Fill out a Focus Group Interest Form at

newtonma.gov/zoningredesign

Zoom In: Focus Groups





Equality

Equity

Image Source: Houstonians for Great Public Schools

Zoom In: Outreach

Neighborhood Area Councils

- Newton Highlands
- Newtonville NAC
- Upper Falls NAC
- Waban NAC

Commissions/ Committees

- Commission on Disability
- Council on Aging
- Youth Commission
- Human Rights Commission
- Transportation Advisory Group
- Economic Development Commission
- Citizens Commission on Energy

Stakeholders

- 350Mass Newton Node
 - Bike Newton
- Boys & Girls Club
- Chinese American Association of Newton (CAAN)
- Culture Center of Taipei Economic and Cultural Office
- Defund Newton Police
- Engine6
- Families Organizing for Racial Justice (FORJ)
- FUUSN Social Action Council
- Green Newton
- Green Newton School Connections
- Harmony Foundation
- Hyde Community Center
- Léague of Womén Voters
 Newton

- Myrtle Baptist Church
- New Art Center
- Newton Center for Civic Engagement
- Newton Coalition of Black Residents
- Newton Community Development Foundation
- Newton Housing Authority
- Newton Interfaith Clergy Association (NICA)
- Newton Lower Falls Improvement Association
- Newton Neighbors
 Helping Neighbors

- Newton Public School System (PTOs + Teachers + Social Workers + Students)
- NNHS NextGen Voices
- Right-Size Newton
- Safe Routes to School Task Force
- Temple Emanuel Social Justice Group
- Temple Shalom
- The Village Bank
- U-CHAN
- Understanding Our Differences
- Waban Improvement Society
- Welcoming Newton

Economic Development Engagement

With Economic Development Commission

Focus Groups + Storefront Surveying

Fill out <u>Interest Form</u>

On-the-Spot Surveying

Dog parks, playgrounds, athletic events, transit stops

How Can Councilors Help Increase Participation + Directly Hear from Newton communities?

Host Your Own 'Vision Kit'

Can host both in-person & virtual

Staff can help with logistics

Staff will create a public calendar of when 'Vision Kits' will be held

Website Tour

newtonma.gov/zoningredesig
n/VC
